Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

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EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

JOHN KELLY seems to be unanimously elected as the Jonah of his party.

AMERICAN mechanics are now paid the best wages received by workingmen in any part of the world.

IN every part of the land the Democratic leaders are awakening to the knowledge that they are no wiser now than they were in 1860.

ALL the wholesale and retail merchants of the eastern cities report a great increase of business this year, as compared with the same period of last year.

TILDEN might emerge and say a few words on Civil Service Reform. They would help call the attention of the country away from the Morey letter.

BELTZHOOVER will soon be compelled to face the stern brigadiers for a few months, and if they don't make it too hot for him it's because he likes to take his things warm.

TILDEN proposes to form a new circle of acquaintances which will be circumscribed in extent and select in character. Will this exclude Randall as well as Wallace?

SOUTHERN Democratic editors are now calling for Chairman Barnum's scalp. He is pronounced a dead-beat, a name, we think more appropriate for his party than himself.

THE N. Y. *Tribune* wants Barnum to know that justice is slow but sure; but the incorrigible chairman takes great comfort to himself that she is blind, and therefore unable to decide in the matter of a forgery.

A MILLION dollars annually is the estimate of the sum expended by people living in New York and those who send by mail for tickets in the lotteries. The larger portion of this enormous sum is received by mail.

THOUSANDS of Chinese are leaving San Francisco every week, for return to the Fowery Kingdom, but it is alleged that one half of those who go back to their native land return again to America, not satisfied to live in China.

CONTESTS for seats in Congress will be very lively in 1881. All the seats in the Louisiana delegation are in danger of a contest, while one or more seats in every Southern State will be contested. The contestants are all Republicans.

SENATOR Ben Hill, of Georgia, is now regarded at home as the most depraved man in Washington, and nearly all the papers of that State are calling on him to resign and remain away from Georgia during the balance of his natural life.

BARNUM "interviewed" himself, put a lot of lies into his own mouth, and sent them to the Pacific Coast as news, paying the telegraph charges out of the Committee's funds! That's enterprise for you. He was not "imposed upon" when he did that.

IT does not speak well for the head or heart of the great American public that it persists in being happy when the gifted Forney is so miserable. The whole country laughs in prosperity and joy while he groans and awaits the coming of the Empire. It's bad.

THE Internal Revenue bureau expects little if any difficulty in collecting the taxes in the South the coming year, as the opinion already begins to prevail there that the Government will be conducted with vigor during the Garfield Administration. If the South can be compelled to pay its taxes honestly it will be found by the time the next Congress meets that the taxes can be reduced one-third.

A Political Murder in the Barbarous State of Louisiana.

The barbarous South has again been heard from. Another crime has been added to the long list of bloody scenes which have disgraced the pages of our history. These semi-barbarous people, having been beaten at the polls, must seek for victims to offer up a sacrifice to their revenge. We quote from the New York *Tribune:*

Louisiana has been disgraced by another political murder. Dr. William B. Jones, editor of *The North Louisiana Republican*, one of the few Republican papers in the State which have been permitted to survive under Democratic rule, was assassinated by Democrats at his home at Lake Providence on the night of November 3rd. His partner, B. H. Lanier, was attacked by the same persons, but escaped to the swamps, where he lay hidden for twenty-four hours. No particulars of the murder have been published. The New Orleans papers dispose of it in a paragraph, and are careful not to give the names of the assassins. The Associated Press dispatches are equally guarded and indefinite. Dr. Jones' paper, in its issue of November 6th, contains at the head of its editorial column the following article:

To-day our columns are draped in mourning for our late able and distinguished editor and friend, who was foully assassinated on the night of the 3d of November—so far as we know, without a word, cause, or provocation. Dr. Jones was an eminent physician, an accomplished orator, an amiable, kind-hearted man and a true friend. His untimely death should be mourned by all classes of right-minded and well-disposed citizens without regard to party or political bias. Only two hours before his tragic death he pleaded and begged us to depart from this parish, and cross the river into Mississippi, because he believed that we would be killed in a similar manner before the dawning of the following morning. His death, and the manner of it, it is to be deeply deplored by this community, for the harmful effects which such crimes always entail upon any Christian and civilized country. In the interest of the public good we forbear further comment at present, and must content ourselves by awaiting a judicial investigation of the sad affair—if, indeed, such is to be had.

Here it will be observed is no account of the manner of the assassination and no mention of the men concerned in it. The surviving editor evidently fears to irritate the assassins by telling the story of their crime. Knowing that his own life is at their mercy, he is prudently reticent, and writes as if a revolver were pointed at his head. His last sentence throws a strong light on the condition of society in Northern Louisiana. He "awaits a judicial investigation of the sad affair—if, indeed, such is to be had." It seems that there is a doubt whether there will be any judicial investigation. A prominent and respectable citizen of a county-seat village, which, according to the gazetteers, has four churches, is assassinated in cold blood, and the local newspaper of which he was the editor intimates that the courts will take no notice of the occurrence. Unhappily it cannot be said that such an intimation does injustice to the Louisiana courts. They never investigate political murders, because the judges and grand jurors are Democrats, and the victims of such murders are invariably Republicans. The whole truth about crimes like that committed at Lake Providence never gets before the public unless a Congressional Committee makes them the subject of a special inquiry, or a Northern newspaper correspondent does a little quiet investigating for the journal he represents.

Lake Providence is in a bad region. It is the county town of East Carroll Parish. Across the river, separated from East Carroll by a single county, Yazoo County, Mississippi, where assassination is practised by the Democrats as a legitimate campaign method. North of East Carroll is Chicot County, Arkansas, which was the scene of a bloody negro massacre a few years ago. To the west lie the Parishes of Ouachita and Morehouse, which had a dark history during the reconstruction period. Not far to the south is the Parish of Tensas, where the Democrats hunted and killed negroes for three days during the campaign of 1878. No explanation of the murder of Dr. Jones is given other than that furnished by his friend and partner, Mr. Lanier, who says his only offence was that he was a Republican, and who pays a tribute to his character as "a fine physician, and an amiable, kind-hearted man." If the affair should ever be investigated, however, we have no doubt a number of "the best citizens' of east Carroll will be ready to make oath that the killing grew out of a personal quarrel, and that there was nothing political about it. This is the usual sequel to such affairs in the South. It sometimes turns out, however, that these same "best citizens," who, with solemn faces, "deplore the unfortunate occurrence," had a hand in planning or executing the crime.

THE Springfield *Republican* contributes to the General discussion which some of the blunders of the late election has called out some distinct suggestions which it thinks will enable people to vote a correct ballot in spite of themselves. It wants the tickets all to be furnished from the office of the Secretary of State, all uniform, each bearing the names of all candidates for the office named on it. Then the voter would designate by a cross the name he voted for, doing this privately in stalls provided about the polling room. There would be no objection to distinguish the candidates of the various parties by printing all those of one party in black and all those of another in red, on the same ballot. The voter would then have no difficulty in making his preferences and would be relieved of the bull-dozing of employers or others, since it would be impossible to tell one ballot from another. This scheme, the *Republican* thinks, would be a great improvement on anything now in use; it would relieve the candidate of the enormous expense of paying for his own tickets and encourage independence in the voter. It looks a little cumbersome, however, and it would meet with trouble in the hands of the voter predisposed to blunder; he would be very certain to cast the whole ballot as printed, without the necessary amendments.

THE exodus of negroes from the South during the next twelve months promises to be larger than at any period since the war. The manner in which they were treated in a large portion of the Southern country at the recent election, is not calculated to give them a confidence that they will ever receive justice at the hands of their white neighbors. The reports received from the colonies that have come into Northern States the past two years, inspires them with the hope that by following them they will improve their condition financially, socially and politically. Those who will leave are the most enterprising of their number, but many of these have only enough money to bring them to the North, and great suffering is in store for them. Charity will do much for them, but tens of thousands of hungry and half clad men are not easily cared for. It is said that many of them will be aided in emigrating to New Mexico. The South will suffer greatly from the loss of their labor, but a partial exodus may prove a benefit to those of their race who shall be left behind. "Blessings brighten as they take their flight," and the Southern planters will have a better appreciation of the people who have so faithfully served them as "hewers of wood and drawers of water" when they find they are losing them.

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 28, '80.

General Garfield arrived here last Wednesday night quietly at the Baltimore and Potomac depot. Mrs. Garfield accompanied him and taking the arm of Col. A. F. Rockwell, a life long intimate friend of the General's, was escorted to the carriage opposite the ladies entrance to the depot. Quite a number of personal friends, including an informal delegation from the Tow Path Club, cordially greeted the General as he emerged from the depot. After a hand-shaking with the members of the club, and complimentary allusions to their services in the campaign, the party passed out of the depot, where cheers were given with a will by the crowd inside as the party passed through. The General, with Mrs. Garfield and Col. Rockwell, drove to their home, corner of I and 13th St. He expects to remain here only a few days, having been called here on purely private business. General and Mrs. Garfield left Mentor Monday evening, and had a very pleasant journey. A pleasant episode of the trip was the meeting at the Harrisburg depot, with Senator Don Cameron, who drove them to his residence where they dined, and resumed their journey to this city in the afternoon. Office-seekers will crowd around the General doubtless during his short stay here. They will be kindly, but firmly informed that while he will be happy at all times to receive his friends, the time is not opportune to talk of personal claims to recognition.

The Senatorial elections that come off in January are attracting much interest here. Maine will be likely to send Mr. Frye. Massachusetts, either Senator Davis or ex-Governor Long. Connecticut has made her choice, selecting that able and tried Republican, General Hawley. A great fog prevails in New York; when it clears up, Hon. Channay M. Depew will be discovered nearing the Senatorial toga. New Jersey will present us with an ex-Secretary in the person of the Hon. M. Robeson. It is more uncertain to-day in Pennsylvania than a week ago. I hesitate to predict. Onio is so equally divided that no man can tell the result. In Michigan Gov. Bagley still leads, and his chances of carrying off the prize increase every day. In other States that elect, the slates remain unchanged. PHIL.

COMPOSED as the Gladstone Cabinet is, of landlords and manufacturers, it is natural that there should be grave differences of opinion regarding Ireland. While the Whig calls for an early session of Parliament, so as to suspend the Habus Corpus Act, Mr. Bright and Mr. Chamberlain are strongly oposed to harsh measures and decidedly in favor of land reforms. The position must prove perplexing to Mr. Gladstone, although he has outridden greater dangers. His best course might be to extend the suffrage, redistribute the seats, and dissolve Parliament. With the powerful majority he ought to have in the Parliament, elected under such conditions, he would be able to legislate successfully for Ireland. But the Irish troubles are too pressing and the Liberal party is too sluggish and undecisive to expect that any sweeping measures of electoral reform or Irish relief will be adopted promptly.

ON Nov. 2d the State of Kansas, by direct vote of the people, adopted an amendment to its Constitution forbidding forever the manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquors, except for medicinal, mechanical or scientific purposes. Thus this stalwart giant of the West takes its place beside Maine on the platform of absolute prohibition. The results of this legislation will be watched with keen interest by every one intelligent enough to know that the temperance question is one of the greatest problems of the age.

The Week of Prayer, 1881.

The Evangelical Alliance, as representing Protestant Christendom throughout the world, have for years suggested a programme for the Week of Prayer, so that as far as possible all praying people might unite on the same day in the same petitions. The Branch Alliance of the United States adopt, with slight modifications, its programme, and suggest the following themes and order for the approaching Week of Prayer, January 2-9, viz:

January 2.—Theme—Christ the only hope of a lost world.

Monday, 3.—Thanksgiving for the blessings, temporal and spiritual, of the past year, and prayer for their continuance.

Tuesday, 4.—Humiliation and confession on account of individual, social and national sins.

Wednesday, 5.—Prayer for the Church of Christ, its unity and purity, its ministry, and for revivals of religion.

Thursday, 6.—Christian education; prayer for the family, Sunday schools and all educational institutions, for Young Men's Christian Associations and for the press.

Friday, 7.—Prayer for the prevalence of justice, humanity and peace among all nations; for the suppression of intemperance and Sabbath desecration.

Saturday, 8.—Prayer for Christian missions and the conversion of the world to Christ.

Sunday, 9.—Theme—On the Ministration of the Holy Spirit.

JUDGE WALLACE'S decision upon the taxation of National bank shares in New York State, practically ends a long litigation. After the decision of the United States Supreme Court in March last, an affirmation of this decision, if an appeal should be taken, will follow almost as a matter of course. In both the New York and Ohio cases then decided, the illegality of discriminations against National bank shareholders, in not permitting the deduction of debts in assessments upon personal property, was set forth at great length. The city will lose the million and a half of dollars assessed upon the banks of that city for the present year, but taxes will be laid hereafter under the new law of 1880, which expressly removes this unjust discrimination against banking capital as compared with other capital of all kinds. The loss of the tax is a matter of comparatively small importance. The decision will remove one of the burdens which have made taxation on bank capital unjustly heavy, and may lend to legislation by Congress establishing a maximum rate of taxation by the States upon National banks.

IT will occupy all the time of the short session of Congress in preparing deficiency bills to make appropriations to meet unpaid expenses of Congress and the several departments. In this matter of appropriations the Democracy calculated that they were playing a sharp game in refusing to pay the appropriations to correspond with the estimates of the several departments. The refusal to make such appropriations was heralded by the Democratic press as evidence of the economic policy of that party, but it now appears that one of the first acts of Congress at its meeting will be to pass deficiency appropriation bills amounting to over $4,000,000, and this will not more than cover the deficiences which exist in all the departments. Such is the record of Democratic folly in legislation.

GEN. WALKER, of the Census Bureau, is resolved to make the enumeration of population so complete that that when it is embodied in a final report no objection whatever will hold good against its accuracy. To this end in the districts in South Carolina, where it is alleged errors and even frauds are apparent, he has ordered a re-numeration of actual household residents. This is sound policy. What we want to get at is a correct statement of population on which to have a just proportion for representation, a condition which we have not had for the last forty years.

WITH an acrimony that begins to develop signs of hydrophobia, the fight about the spot on which to locate the proposed World's Fair at New York increases in fury and venom. When the managers of the initial movement for the success of this project command so little respect, and have so little regard for its reputation, it is not to be expected that disinterested persons will show it much if any regard.

CREMATION again is a subject of general mention, but its failure to become popular is shown by the fact that only eight bodies have been burned in the two or three years that have elapsed since the only American crematory was built. Though many people believe in the resurrection of the body few desire that their remains shall be wafted heavenward from the chimney of a furnace.

A Liberal Editor.

We were grieved to read the other day of the death of one of Michigan's jolliest pioneer editors—almost the last man of a band who published weeklies in the State when a coonskin would pay for a column 'ad,' and three bushels of corn dumped on the office floor stood for a year's subscription. Never a publisher was more liberal with his space. It was hard work for him to charge for anything except the tax list and mortgage sales, and he measured short even on them. One day in the years gone by his paper copied an attack on a county official, and old Mark was dozing at his desk when the injured party stalked in and began:

'You are a coward, sir—a—coward!

'Mabbe I am,' was the editor's complacent reply.

'And I can lick you, sir—lick you out of your wrinkled old boots!'

'I guess you could,' answered Mark as he busted the wrapper off his only exchange.

'I'm going to write an article calling you a fool, liar, coward, cur, slanderer and body-snatcher, and go over to Ionia and pay five cents a line to have it published!'

'Hey?' queried the old man as he wheeled around.

'Yes, I'll pay five cents a line to have it published!'

'Say, let me tell you something,' replied Mark. 'I've got 200 more circulation than the *Banner*, and I'll publish your attack on me for two cents a line and take it out in mill feed or corn stalks! Don't trot over to Ionia when you can help build up your own town!'

Mark would have published it word for word, just as he said, and thrown in a cut of a horse a stump-puller free gratis, but the official cooled off.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Presence of Mind.

John Wilkes, says an English paper, was not a great general, but he might have been one had his tastes led him into military life. His presence of mind never deserted him. He held many places of trust and responsibility. He was Alderman, Chamberlain of London, and Member of Parliament, and no man was more outspoken and daring in his criticisms upon the Government. Once upon a time, when Wilkes had been more severe than usual, and reflected keenly upon the King and his chief ministers, in the *North Briton*, a warrant was issued from the Court of King's Bench for his apprehension also of the poet Churchill (Charles), Wilkes' bosom friend and supporter. The chief culprit knew that the warrant was out, and that his friend's name was in it. The King's messenger, with the warrant in hand, found Wilkes in his chamber, Churchill being at the time with him.

'Ah, Mr. Wilkes, I must arrest you—in the King's name!'

'You have a warrant?'

'Yes; here it is.'

'And you've got Charles Churchill's name down also?'

'Yes.'

'Thompson my dear fellow,' said Wilkes, turning to his companion, 'do you run round to Churchill's rooms and tell him what's coming. Tell him to be off for a few days and I'll have it all right for him.'

Churchill nodded to his friend and at once hurried out, the officer of the law little dreaming how the fish was slipping from his net before his very eyes.

A man cannot give a better legacy to the world than a well educated family.

Poetry.

Heimgang.

"Heimgang!" So the German people
Whisper when they hear the bell
Tolling from some gray old steeple
Dear 's familiar tale to tell,
When they hear the organ dirges,
Swelling out from chapel dome,
And the singers chanting surges,
"Heimgang!" Always going home.

"Heimgang!" Quaint and tender saying
In the grand old German tongue,
That hath shaped Melancthon's praying,
And the hymns that Luther sung;
Blessed is our loving Maker,
That where'er our feet shall roam,
Still we journey toward "God's Acre,"
"Heimgang!" Always going home.

"Heimgang!" We are all so weary,
And the willows, as they wave,
Softly sighing, sweetly dreary,
Woo us to the tranquil grave;
When the golden pitcher's broken,
With its dregs and with its foam,
And the tender words are spoken,
"Heimgang!" We are going home.

Don't Hurry Too Fast to be Rich

Your road through life may be thorny,
Your bed not of roses or down—
Remember what Shakspeare has written
Of those on whose head lies a crown;
It is hard to toil late and toil early—
To delve or to wearily stitch—
Do your best to improve your condition—
But—don't hurry too fast to be rich!

We find in the Good Book this sentence—
As long as the world 'twill endure—
"He who to be rich"—it says—"hasteneth,
Becometh the suddenly poor."
Just turn to the passage and read it,
When for lucre your fingers shall itch,
And of the camel and eye of the needle,—
And don't hurry too fast to be rich!

There are those in a palace residing,
Yes, many, I venture to say,
Who'd rejoice and be glad to change places
With you, my dear fellow, to-day!
Ah! little we know of the troubles;
The cares and anxieties which
Attend, like a shadow, these people—
So don't hurry too fast to be rich!

How exalted and noble the wages
That always reward honest toil,
Be they earned 'neath the fierce sun of noonday,
Or by those who consume midnight oil;—
There lies between Wealth and Contentment
Oftimes an impassable ditch;
Don't fall in it, brother, be careful!—
Don't hurry too fast to be rich!

Our Story Teller.

The Young Wife.

'Courage, Sophie! we are nearly home."

The young bride looked out on the broad, shady avenue, along which they were rapidly driving, and sank back with a weary sigh. It was all so strange—so like a dream. That solemn ceremony at the altar, congratulations, sobs and adieus, familiar faces, strange sights and sounds, all floated before her, and rang in her ears, and reproduced themselves in confused fantastic dreams, from which she was constantly staring, awakened by a sudden terror—the thought of meeting her new found relatives. Would Allan's mother kiss her, and his sisters welcome her? Could she ever feel at home among them, and would they be like him—tall, and dark, and silent? Should she—

The carriage stopped, and so did Sophie's heart—or, at least, she fancied that it did—for a moment. Perhaps Allan divined her terror, for he pressed her hand as they went up the broad, stone steps, and through the spacious hall into a handsome saloon, where, standing in the middle of the floor, was a fair, erect woman, with handsome features, who held out a small, plump hand, and said, in a voice that gave the lie direct to her words: 'I am happy to see you, Miss Allan—my daughter Kate,' motioning toward a handsome girl, who had risen, languidly, on their entrance. 'Glad to see you, Mrs. Faulkner. You see I give you the full benefit of your new title. You must excuse mother if she is not yet magnanimous enough to do the same.'

All this time the brilliant eyes were deliberately scanning the trembling Sophie from head to foot.

Was this her welcome? Words died away on her tongue. She was roused from her stupor by the sarcastic voice of Mrs. Faulkner:

'I see you are sleepy, Miss Allan. Before you retire, however, permit me to present my youngest daughter Frances.'

Sophie looked up and saw a girl who might have been eighteen or twenty-five, so little was her age denoted by her appearance—light-haired, freckled, plain, almost ugly, who, giving her an ungracious nod, turned away to her book, with an air that said plainly she considered it of more importance than all the brides in the world.

Allan's dark eye flashed fire, but he only hurried Sophie away to her room, where, by unwonted gaiety and tenderness, he strove to raise her evidently flagging spirits; succeeding so well that she was enabled to re-enter the drawing-room with a tolerable degree of calmness.

'Have you seen your house yet?' was Mrs. Faulkner's first inquiry. Then, without waiting for an answer: 'I suppose not. You will find it small and plainly furnished; but, of course, you knew what you had to expect when you married Allan. He can inherit nothing, except at any pleasure. If he had chosen to marry where his birth, his education and appearance well entitled him to do, I should have given him a liberal allowance. As it is (you see I speak plainly, daughter-in-law), you both had a clear understanding of what you are to expect, or should have had. I suppose you know very little of house-keeping?'

'Once a week,' stammered Sophie, 'I used to.'

'Oh! of course—of course,' again interrupted the lady. 'We all know what that amounts to. I suppose you can make poor cake and bad bread; but that is not house-keeping. I am an unerring physiognomist, and I see plainly that you are not practical. Don't you disturb yourself, however,' (to Allan, who had just entered, and was listening with anything but a delighted face) 'Julia can keep house for you;' adding, turning to Sophie—'an old servant who has been in the family fifteen years—and I will see that she conducts it properly.'

'Which will be a charming arrangement for you,' chimed in Miss Kate Faulkner, with a tone and expression that Sophie could by no means make out, 'and you will have nothing to do but embroider monsters in Berlin wool, to frighten Allan with, when he comes home.'

Why follow up the conversation, or attempt a description of the remainder of the evening? Who does not know how gracious are women, when quizzing some one worse dressed, or weaker than themselves? Are not the tender mercies of mothers and sisters-in-law familiar in our mouths as household words?

Let us rather rejoice that the jackdaws left our timid, fluttering dove a single plume, and take a peep into the little dwelling, where she was shortly after installed as mistress.

Charming, she pronounced it; and so it was—nestling down amidst roses, and wide branching trees, with cool mattings and airy, waving curtains.

Sophie christened it the 'Snuggery,' probably because the dining-room was doing its best to get into the parlor, while the kitchen insisted on hunting both—while the narrow staircase rushed precipitately into their sleeping apartment, from whence opened a spare-room, of which Mrs. Faulkner had the key, as Julia informed Sophie, to her no small dismay.

'Mrs. Faulkner thought, mum, that ye'd not be for having company as it's an expense, and a trouble besides and there's keys enough now for me to bother my head with, and ye'll plaze, mum, excuse me for an hour, as 'the madam' wishes me to run up every morning, mum, and get her advice as to the house, mum.'

It was in Sophie's heart to demand the keys, dismiss Julia, and take the reins herself; then came the remembrance of Mrs. Faulkner's words, 'he can inherit nothing except at my pleasure,' and she forbore.

Gone, however, were all her pleasant dreams of housekeeping and wonderful surprises, in the cooking and economy line, after the fashion of those model wives of whom we so often read, but seldom see; not a cake could be made, or a pie or pudding baked, that it was not known at the great house how many eggs and how much butter and sugar went into its composition. Not a joint appeared on their table that Mrs. Faulkner did not know its weight and cost, not a barrel of flour that she could not tell how long it lasted.

'Mrs. Allan is very liberal in her ideas,' she would say to her son.

'She buys the hind quarter of lamb when it is the dearest; we think the fore-quarter good enough; your sugar, too, hardly lasts as long as it ought. Mrs. Allan leaves these things to Julia, when she should attend to it herself. You need not look so angry,' turning to Sophie; 'what I say is for your good—you have no head, no force of character. I told you so when I first saw you; but you might improve. Why do you not wash your china yourself? the gilding is worn off already, and the sun streaming in on the carpet—it is quite faded now!'

All this before Allan, who, after a while, believed and re-echoed these complaints—being quite convinced, at the end of the year, that were it not for the superhuman exertions of his mother, he would infallibly be ruined by Sophie's ignorance and negligence. Yet even his hard voice took a kindlier tone, when there sounded in his ear the feeble wail of his first-born son.

Sophie's joy was too great for utterance; she would sit for hours with its velvet cheek pressed to hers, or looking curiously into its odd little wrinkled face.

In a few days over came Mrs. Faulkner. The infant was duly examined, pronounced a fine child, a perfect Faulkner and the image of its father.

'It has no disposition, though, Mrs. Allan; it is fretful,' remarked the amiable mother-in-law, when, unused to such rough handling, the tender little creature set up a cry. 'Put that child down, nurse,' taking it forcibly from her hands, and depositing it on a cushion. 'There! now let it scream—it must learn to control its temper.'

'But it's only two weeks old,' expostulated Sophie.

'It don't matter if it were only a day old; but I see very well how it will be. You will ruin it by your weak indulgence and want of system. I must speak to Allan about it. Julia, tell Mr. Allan I want to see him.'

Sophie, who knew by sad experience that that portended, took refuge in a hearty cry. Allan came home unusually late, and looking very gloomy—which means that he had stopped at 'the house' on his way home.

'Now, Sophie,' was his salutation, 'I will not have that child ruined. He is to be brought up on a system. Feed him once in so often; keep him lying down for a given period; if he won't do it make him; walk him out—'

Here he broke down; he had forgotten his lesson.

'Hadn't you better go back and learn the rest of it?' suggested Sophie, exasperated beyond endurance.

Allan made her no answer, except to shut the door heavily behind him.

Sophie sat still—too wretched to cry—even to think—only conscious of a dull pain, as of a load that was crushing her to death. A hand was laid on her shoulder, and a voice sounded in her ear that made her start. It was that of Francis.

'What's the matter, Sophie?' It was the first time she had ever called her anything but Mrs. Faulkner. 'They've been at you again; you needn't deny it. Can't I see? I've got my senses, I suppose, as well as other people; and it don't take much to see that ma is killing you, and Allan is fool enough to keep her. Oh, I know she tried it with Kate and me; but we very soon rebelled—as you would do if you had my spirit.'

'When you are reviled, revile not again,' said Sophie, softly.

'Yes, I know; and it's all very well if you can do it—and I believe you do—and that's why I like you, though I did once think I never could; but you are not commanded to be a fool, and let your house be mismanaged, your husband soured, yourself made miserable, and your child ruined.'

'Aut Allan is entirely dependent—'

'It's no such thing,' interrupted Francis, warmly; 'and if ma told you so, it's just another of her fibs. Pa left us all equal portions, and Allan has enough to live handsomely. Ma has no more right to interfere in your affairs than I have; and if you are wise, you'll send Julia out of the house, and rule yourself. Good night! No; I don't want to see the baby—little red squalling thing! Good night! and remember what I say.'

Next morning came a message from Mrs. Faulkner:

'Mrs. Faulkner's compliments, and she would like to have the baby brought over as soon as possible.'

This was one of Sophie's daily trials. The child was regularly sent for, though she herself was never invited. Its clothes were criticised, its nurse cross questioned, and itself teased till unmanageable, when it was sent home for Sophie to still, and a new chapter of complaints compiled for Allan's edification.

Julia had already ordered the nurse to get the baby ready. What then was her astonishment when Sophie said, quietly, 'You will not take the baby around to-day, Eliza. Julia, you will tell Mrs. Faulkner that it is not convenient.'

This, however, was but the beginning of wonders. Sophie, who had hitherto avoided the kitchen, made a decent into these awful regions and though actually trembling at her own audacity, demanded the keys of Julia.

'And what for, mum?' demanded the functionary, bristling up. 'Didn't 'madam' give me the keys herself, and haven't I always—'

'Give me the keys,' repeated Sophie, calmly, just as Mrs. Faulkner herself entered the kitchen, in a state resembling that of an enraged turkey-cock.

'What's all this about?' she demanded. 'And what do you mean, Mrs. Allan, by not sending the baby? I am not accustomed to have my messages received in this manner.'

'It was not convenient.'

'When I send for people I expect them to make it convenient.'

Sophie turned away, to give some order to the amazed cook.

'What is all this about the keys?' persisted Mrs. Faulkner.

'I choose to take them,' answered Sophie, suddenly facing round; 'that is all. I am extremely obliged to you also for Julia, but cannot think of depriving you of her services which you have so often assured me were invaluable. I have engaged some one to take her place, and while I think of it, Mrs. Faulkner, I will trouble you for the key of the spare room. I expect my sister shortly to spend the summer.'

Mrs. Faulkner was absolutely speechless with rage and astonishment. She saw that Sophie was firm, and her only resource lay in complaining to Allan, which she hastened to do, relating the whole matter in the most exaggerating terms. When, however, after a month passed under the new regime, the gentleman found his expenses diminished and his domestic comfort materially increased, he altogether declined to interfere; and though Mrs. Faulkner prophesied all manner of evil, and Kate exhausted her wit on Sophie and her housekeeping, that little personage never regretted the time when she became 'the head of her own household.'

An Americanized Parisian.

Mlle. Grevy, the daughter of the President, affects American ways altogether, and will walk and ride alone, much to the horror of the aristocrats, and even Republican papers of Paris attack her for infringing on long established customs. They tell some very amusing stories about the young lady, and the difficulties she encounters in carrying out her Americanism. For instance, no respectable French woman goes on the street alone, either a gentleman (relative, of course,) or servant must accompany her. A foreigner can defy this rule with safety, and every day you meet English and American girls by themselves, but their nationality is so evident that it protects them where a native would be insulted right and left. It seems on a number of occasions that Mlle. Grevy, when walking alone, has been accosted by her too gallant countrymen; but, instead of losing her temper or being frightened, she hands them a visiting card to enforce her statement as to her personality, and then begins to harangue them on the beauty and propriety of women walking unescorted, and on the folly of a man presuming for that reason that she is not all she should be. The novelty of this proceeding is rendered more striking because unparalleled in the annals of French history.

Local Small Talk.

—The cold snap is still snapping.

—Fairs, hops and oyster suppers are now in order.

—The shipments of iron ore and limestone from this place continues heavy.

—Spotted fever is reported in Clearfield county. If it isn't one thing it is another.

—Commercial drummers are pouring into town prospecting for holiday patronage.

—The cold snap makes business lively for our clothing men. Not so the ice-creamers.

—The boys and many of the young men devoted their spare time Thanksgiving day to skating.

—Two Lancaster young pugilists have arranged for a prize fight. Lancaster needs a missionary.

—Which would you sooner hug this weather, a redhot stove or a—or a girl? Now, speak up prompt.

—Union services were held in the Lutheran church on Thanksgiving day, Rev. Furst delivering the sermon.

—The compositors on the Reading *Egale* have become very timid all of a sudden and refuse to "set up" with lady compositors.

—About a quarter of an inch of snow fell during Wednesday night, which proves John Sourbeck a bigger man than Vennor.

—We have noticed that there are more Republicans in town wearing new hats than Democrats. How is that to be accounted for?

—The hotel at Cresson is to be torn down and a new one of brick will take its place, to be ready for the summer opening next year.

—It is said that there isn't a house in Philipsburg borough that can be rented, which is pretty good evidence of good times in that section.

—There are still a few flies lingering in the lap of summer; but yesterday morning made them wish they had died earlier in the season.

—Get out your cutter, dust off the seat and engage your girl. The chances for a sleigh ride before long, according to the signs, are favorable.

—The money contributed to the Milton sufferers seems to be a hard sum to dispose of satisfactorily. The matter is in the Northumberland county court.

—The *Watchman* says the dwelling house on Lamb street, belonging to Register Burchfield, was entered by burglars the other night. Nothing of value was taken.

—Mr. Moses Montgomery, the gentlemanly and accommodating "accountant-general" at the First National Bank, left on Tuesday for a week's visit to the Quaker City.

—Mr. Hiram Hoffer, formerly of this place, has gone out of the hardware business in Tyrone, and will, we are informed, start a cigar store and manufactory in Philipsburg.

—The spirit of improvement is abroad in our town. Many of the residences are being repaired in anticipation of the coming winter, which prophets say will be unusually severe.

—The saw-dust spittoon must go. They are dangerous. A lighted segar stump carelessly thrown in the saw-dust of a wooden spittoon nearly caused the destruction of a country store last week in Luzerne county.

—"Here we go for four years more," said one Democrat to another last night in passing on the street. Make it twenty, gentlemen, while you are about it. Twenty years more will have fled before your man becomes an occupant of the White House.

—Legal proceedings have been commenced by the Pennsylvania railroad company against the Somerset and Cambria railroad company, by an application to the Cambria court for an injunction restraining the latter company from trespassing on their property.

—It is suggested, in view of the numerous applicants, that it would be a good thing to settle the postmastership question in this borough by a vote of the people. It would save the President and all concerned the performance of a delicate duty, and be an interesting experiment.

—They put a Philadelphia drummer in the Altoona lockup for refusing to pay his license. While they had him there they made him useful, and he was made to pay for his board by a vigorous and highly successful scrubbing of his cell. The drummer didn't like it a bit, but he had no say in the matter.

—Mr. Charles Miller, an aged and much respected citizen and father of Mr. John C. Miller, of this place, died on Wednesday of last week at his home in Huntingdon.

—No. 6, the new engine recently purchased for the B. & S. S. railroad, was pressed into service Friday, which indicates that the business of the road is on the increase.

—The newly-erected Evangelical church, near Howard, will be dedicated on Sunday, December 5th. Bishop Bowman will be present and officiate. Ministers of adjoining fields of labor are cordially invited to be present.

—Mann's axe factory at Reedsville, Mifflin county, was destroyed by fire on Wednesday night last. The origin of the fire is not stated. These works were operated by Mr. James Mann, brother of J. Fearon Mann, of this place.

—A heavy mule, belonging to Valentines & Co., used in hauling cars from the depot to the forge, broke through the Spring Creek trestle Friday. The leg that went through was somewhat bruised and cut, but otherwise the animal escaped uninjured.

—Thanksgiving day passed off very quietly in Bellefonte. The town was unusually dull, nothing in the line of amusements occurring worthy of notice. A number of our citizens went off to the woods to hunt, the boys went skating, and the rest of the folks stayed at home and regaled themselves with turkey and plum-pudding.

—Stewart Walker, the horse thief, who was sentenced from this court to twenty years imprisonment in the Western penitentiary, three years ago last August, applied for a pardon last week but was refused. Walker, it will be remembered, is the individual who stole a valuable horse belonging to Senator Peale at Millheim in the summer of '77.

—A number of our merchants, we are informed, are buying their winter goods away from home. This is a bad policy when you can buy goods just as cheap in Bellefonte, and where you ask for credit when your pocket-book is empty. Patronize home merchants and help build up the business of the town. No good citizen will send his money out of town for groceries and drygoods.

—Mr. Amos Mullen and wife were agreeably surprised Tuesday night by a hundred or so of their friends who called, very unexpectedly to them, and with well filled baskets of provisions, to spend a social evening. The occasion was a very pleasant and enjoyable one. Mr. Mullen has recently taken up his residence in the handsome stone dwelling formerly occupied by Mr. George Valentine.

—Mr. George McBath, who moved from Houserville to Kylertown, Clearfield county, about two years ago to work at his trade, shoemaking, we are pleased to learn is getting along finely and making heaps of money. He has purchased a house and lot and recently opened a shoe store on his own account. In connection with the shoe business he deals in Barker's horse and cattle powder, of which he is making a specialty.

—Men who lounge about the streets nights will confer a favor on our merchants by not leaning up against the store windows and obstructing the view. Those who indulge in this disagreeable practice should remember that goods are displayed in windows with a view of attracting customers, and that the merchant can have little hope of success from such a source if the view is constantly obstructed by gangs leaning against the windows.

—Information is wanted of Sarah Jane Young, a 14-year old girl, who left her home in Osceola in January last. The last heard of the girl was a letter to her mother in July, stating she was living with a family in Hollidaysburg. The mother of the child has been there for the past ten days, but can hear nothing of her lost daughter. Any information addressed to Pat Gallagher, Osceola, Clearfield county, will be thankfully received by the mother.

—Mr. Henry Beck, who lives on the large farm at Hannah Furnace belonging to Messrs. Ridge and Budd, of Philadelphia, has made some extensive improvements on the property since it has been under his supervision. Mr. Beck is a skilled agriculturist, and takes as much interest in bringing the land up to a high state of cultivation as though it was his own. The proprietors could well afford to give Mr. Beck the use of the farm free of rent for one year for his valuable services.

Bulldozing at Millheim.

A correspondent from Snydertown writes as follows:

We need not go South to be bulldozed or intimidated on account of voting the wrong ticket. No, no, we need not go far—only just across the mountain to Millheim, that nest of vipers and home of the Democrat. Three days ago we heard the following related by two gentlemen from the above named place. A colored barber had a shop there and did a good business, for the Democrats were his friends. During the campaign this fall his Democratic friends hauled him to and from their meetings, parades, etc., treating him royally, the darkey meanwhile yelling for Hancock at the top of his voice. Election day came and oh! sad to relate the barber cast his vote for Garfield, and there was a bitter end to the charity of his former friends, and also an end of his business there, for his dear Democratic friends soon gave him to understand that there was no room for him in that community, and go or starve was his only alternative. Perchance a stranger or visitor in town would enter the shop for a shave; the watchdogs were there to march them out to the other shop, and the darkey had to hold his tongue. I am glad to be able to say that a Republican in Clinton county has now given the barber a home, whom they serve as domestics. Now Mr. Editor, does not this look as though the seeds sown in and by the Solid South was bearing fruit in the North?

QUIS.

The President-elect in Altoona.

President-elect Garfield passed through Altoona Tuesday morning, bound eastward. The *Tribune* says: There was quite a crowd in the depot to catch a glimpse of the new President. At first it was not thought he was aboard the train, but General Superintendent Pugh emerged from the car shortly after its arrival and announced that General Garfield would make his appearance upon the platform in a few minutes. The train subsequently pulled down the track so as to bring the rear car containing the President-elect opposite the main entrance to the depot, when the distinguished gentleman put in an appearance on the platform and received three hearty cheers. He nodded pleasantly to the crowd, and in answer to a demand for a speech smiled and shook his head, and finally withdrew himself into the car. General Garfield looks pretty much the same as he did when he passed through this city last summer shortly after his nomination. He was plainly dressed, and appeared before the crowd at the depot yesterday with that diffidence and modesty characteristic of a young man making his first public speech. He seems to have no relish for the show business.

A Lost Man.

William Brocius left his home in Lawrence township, near Clearfield, Pa., at 1 p. m., on Saturday, Nov. 14, 1880, since which time nothing is known of his whereabouts or his fate. At times he has appeared somewhat strange in his talk, and fears are entertained by his family that he has, in a fit of mental derangement, wandered away from his home. His personal description is as follows: He is of German descent, and speaks somewhat broken English; was 44 years of age; weighs about 160 lbs.; has hazel eyes, fair complexion, dark brown hair cut short; head partly bald; sandy and slightly gray whiskers on side of face and chin closely trimmed; high forehead; when last seen he had on coat and vest of a pepper and salt mixture, almost black; unbleached Canton flannel undershirt and drawers; heavy gingham overshirt, and brown machine-knit woolen socks. His upper lip was shaved and he had a wart on it. Any information concerning his whereabouts will be thankfully received by his wife, Mrs. C. S. Brocius, at Clearfield, Pa.

Reading Matter Wanted.

Those of our citizens who have literature of any kind to spare, such as magazines, periodicals, serials, weeklies—anything in fact furnishing good entertaining reading—will be doing a worthy act, besides contributing greatly to the happiness of the members, by forwarding them to the Y. M. C. A. rooms. The stock of this class of reading matter at the rooms has become greatly reduced and needs to be replenished to make the apartments attractive, particularly to the younger members, who prefer that sort of literature to histories and scientific works which require a certain amount of study to intelligently understand. Boys and young men who are disposed to spend their evenings in these rooms, away from the evil influences of the street and various species of vice, should be offered every inducement, and not be allowed to turn from the doors for want of sufficient reading suited to their tastes.

Professional Cards.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office in Conrad House, Allegheny street. v6n1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law. Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Banks and Bankers.

R. C. HUMES, Pres't..... J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS.
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building High street Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without ether pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5-1tf

Miscellaneous.

WILLIAMS & BRO.,
PRACTICAL HOUSE PAINTERS.
GRAINING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
PAPER-HANGING
PLAIN AND DECORATIVE
KALSOMINING.
Paint Shop and Office Corner High and Water sts., opposite BUSH'S ARCADE,
-46-1y BELLEFONTE, PA.

1881.
Harper's Weekly.
ILLUSTRATED.

This periodical, by its able and scholarly discussions of the questions of the day, as well as by its illustrations—which are prepared by the best artists—has always exerted a most powerful and beneficial influence upon the public mind. The weight of its influence will alway be found upon the side of morality, enlightenment and refinement.

Harper's Periodicals.

Harper's Weekly, one year	$4 00
Harper's Magazine, one year	4 00
Harper's Bazar, one year	4 00
The three above publications, one year	10 00
Any two above named, one year	7 00
Harper's Young People, one year	1 50

Postage free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The volumes of the *Weekly* begin with the first number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it is understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of order.

The last eleven annual volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7.00 each.

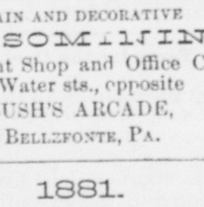
Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by post-office money order or draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address, HARPER & BROTHERS, 46-3t New York.

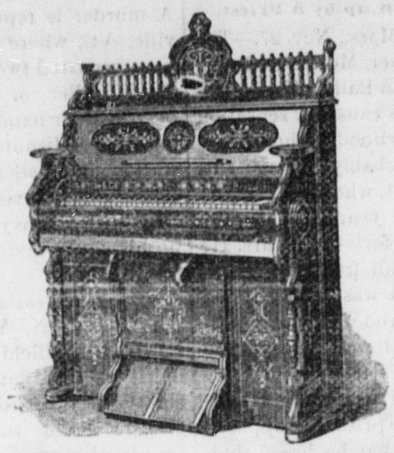
IMPROVE THE HOUR.



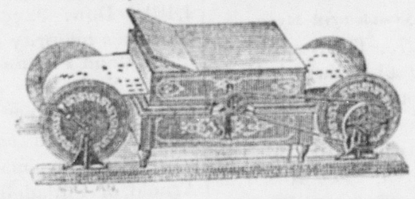
TRADE MARK.
GUENTHER'S LUNG HEALER
Cures Consumption,
Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Asthma, Coughs, and all diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.
Price 50 cents and one dollar.
GUENTHER & CO., Proprietors, 12-42 39 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

BELLEFONTE MUSIC STORE.

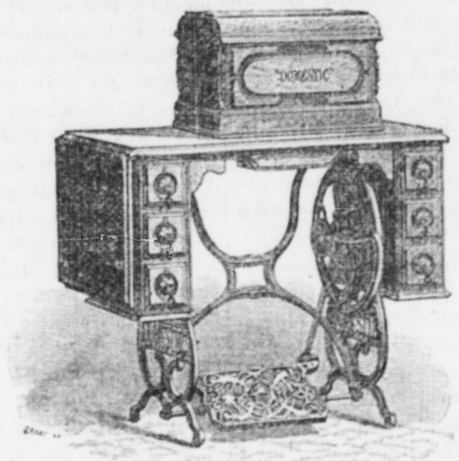


Pianos, Organs & Sheet Music,
INSTRUCTORS, COVERS AND STOOLS.
Band and Small Instruments, Organetts, Fashion Patterns, Oil Paintings and Chromos.
SEWING MACHINES
Of all makes, Oil, Attachments, Parts, Needles, Barbour Bro's Linen Thread. Organs hired as low as $5.00 per month. Sewing Machines at $3.00.
LARGEST STOCK OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS IN CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.
"SILVER CYMBAL," a New Collection of Sunday School Music, $1.00 per Dozen.



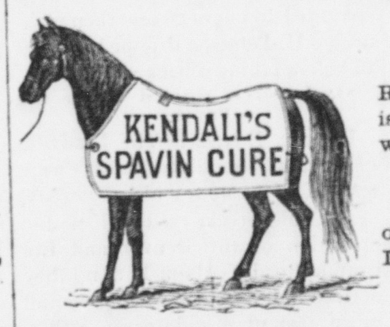
WONDERFUL ORGANETTE.
PLAYS ALL TUNES. A CHILD CAN PLAY IT.

THE NEW DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.



YOU WOULD BUY IT IF YOU TRIED IT. IT HAS NO EQUAL.
TEN DOLLARS OFF. NO AGENTS EMPLOYED.
Why can this Firm Sell so Cheap? Because they Buy for Cash and Employ No Agents.
12-27tf **BUNNELL & AIKENS.**

Kendall's Spavin Cure.



It Cures Spavins, Splints, Curbs Ringbones, and all similar Blemishes, and Removes the Bunch without Blistering.

For Man it is now known to be one of the best, if not the best, Liniments ever discovered.

We feel positive that every man can have perfect success in every case if he will only use good common sense in applying KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE, and persevere in bad cases of long standing. Read below the experience of others.

From Col. L. T. Foster.

Youngstown, Ohio, May 10th, 1880.
DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO.: Gents: I had a very valuable Hambletonian colt which I prized very highly; he had a large bone spavin on one joint and a smaller one on the other, which made him very lame. I had him under the charge of two veterinary surgeons, which failed to cure him. I was one day reading the advertisement of Kendall's Spavin Cure in the Chisago *Express;* I determined at once to try it, and got our druggists here to send for it. They ordered three bottles. I took them all and thought I would give it a thorough trial. I used it according to the directions and by the fourth day the colt ceased to be lame, and the lumps had entirely disappeared. I used but one bottle, and the colt's limbs are as free from lumps and as smooth as any horse in the state. He is entirely cured. The cure was so remarkable that I let two of my neighbors have the remaining two bottles, who are now using it.
Very respectfully, L. T. FOSTER.

From Rev. P. N. Granger,

Presiding Elder of the St. Albans District.

St. Albans, Vt., Jan. 20th, 1880.
DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO.: GENTS. In reply to your letter I will say that my experience with Kendall's Spavin Cure has been very satisfactory indeed. Three or four years ago I procured a bottle of your agent, and with it, cured a horse of Lameness caused by spavin. Last season my horse became very lame and I turned him out for a few weeks, when he became better, but when I put him on the road he grew worse, when I discovered that a ringbone was forming. I procured a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure and with less than a bottle cured him so that he is not lame, neither can the bunch be found.
Respectfully yours, P. N. GRANGER.

PERSEVERANCE WILL TELL.

Stoughton, Mass., March 10th, 1880.
B. J. KENDALL & CO.: GENTS: In justice to you and myself, I think I ought to let you know that I have removed two bone spavins with Kendall's Spavin cure, one very large one. Don't know now long the spavin had been there. I have owned the horse eight months. It took me four months to take the large one off, and two months for the small one. I have used ten bottles. The horse is entirely well, not at all stiff, and no bunch to be seen or felt. This is a wonderful medicine. It is a new thing here, but if it does for all what it has done for me its sale will be very great.
Re p'y yours, CHAS. E. PARKER.

STATEMENT MADE UNDER OATH.

To Whom it may Concern: In 1875 I treated with Kendall's Spavin Cure a bone spavin of several months' growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg, and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he has never been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated them with Kendall's Spavin Cure.
R. A. GAINES.
Enosburg Falls, Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 26th day of Feb., A. D. 1879.
JOHN G. JENNE, Justice of the Peace.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

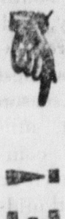
ON HUMAN FLESH it has been ascertained by repeated trials to be the very best Liniment ever used for any deep-seated pain of long standing, or of short duration. Also for CORNS, BUNIONS, FROST-BITES or any bruise, cut or lameness. Some are afraid to use it on human flesh simply because it is a horse medicine, but you should remember that what is good for BEAST is good for MAN, and we know from experience that KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE can be used on a child one year old with perfect safety. Its effects are wonderful on human flesh and it does not blister or make a sore. Try it and be convinced.

What is Good for Beast is Good for Man

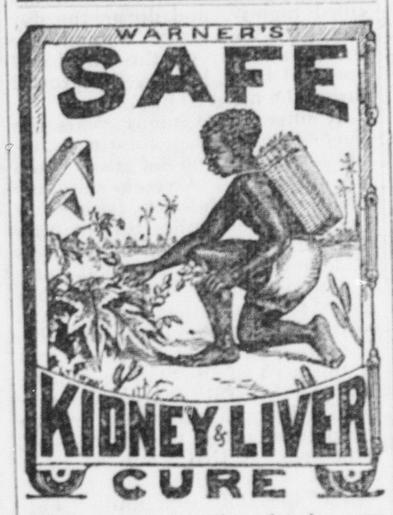
Read of its effects on human flesh:
Patten's Mills, Wash. co., N.Y., Feb. 21, 1878.
B. J. KENDALL, M. D.: Dear Sir: The particular case on which I used your Kendall's Spavin Cure was a malignant ankle sprain of sixteen months' standing. I had tried many things, but in vain. Your Kendall's Spavin Cure put the foot to the ground again, and, for the first time since hurt, in a natural position. For a family liniment it excels anything we ever used. Yours truly,
Rev. M. P. BELL, Pastor M. E. Church, Patten's Mills, N.Y.
Bakersfield, Vt., Dec. 23, 1879.
B. J. KENDALL & Co.: GENTS: I wish to add my testimony in favor of your invaluable liniment, Kendall's Spavin Cure. In the spring of 1872 I slipped on the ice and sprained my right limb at the knee joint. I was very lame and at times suffered the most excruciating pain. I wore a bandage on it for over a year, and tried most everything in my reach, but could find nothing that would give me permanent relief. When I overworked, it would pain me very much. In April, 1878, I began to think I should be a cripple for life, but having some of Kendall's Spavin Cure thought I would try it. I used one-third of a bottle and experienced relief at once. The pain left me and has not troubled me since. I feel very grateful to you and would recommend Kendall's Spavin Cure to all who suffer with sprains or rheumatism.
Yours truly, MRS. J. BOUTELL.

Send address for Illustrated Circular, which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.
Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors.
12-31 **DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.**

Hardware, &c.



HARDWARE!
J. A. HARRIS & CO.,
ARE SELLING VERY LOW
REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,
And all kinds of Farming Tools,
RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,
ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,
As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25



THE Leading Scientists of to-day agree that most diseases are caused by disordered Kidneys or Liver. If, therefore, the Kidneys and Liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time, and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains just the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safely restore and keep them in order. It is a *POSITIVE Remedy* for all the diseases that cause pains in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver—Headaches — Jaundice — Dizziness — Gravel—Fever—Ague—Malarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.

It is an excellent and safe remedy fo females during pregnancy. It will control Menstruation and is invaluable for Lucorrhœa or Falling of the Womb.

As a Blood Purifier it is unequaled, for it cures the organs that *make* the blood.

READ THE RECORD.

"It saved my life."—E B Lakely, Selma, Ala.
"It is the remedy that will cure the many diseases peculiar to women."—Mothers' Magazine.
"It has passed severe tests and won endorsements from some of the highest medical talent in the country."—New York World.
"No remedy heretofore discovered can be held for one moment in comparison with it."—Rev C A Harvey, D D, Washington, D C.

This remedy which has done such wonders, is put up in the largest sized bottle of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by Druggists and all dealers at $1.25 per bottle. For Diabetes, enquire for Warner's Diabetes Cure. It is a *positive* remedy.
H. H. WARNER & CO.,
12-35-6m Rochester, N. Y.

THE GREAT
KIDNEY REGULATOR
AND DIURETIC.

KIDNEGEN is highly recommended and unsurpassed for Weak or Foul Kidneys, Dropsy, Bright's Disease, Loss of Energy, Nervous Debility, or any obstructions arising from Gravel or Bladder Diseases. Also for Yellow Fever Blood and Kidney Poisoning, in infected malarial sections.

By the distillation of a Forest Leaf with Juniper Berries and Barley Malt we have discovered Kidnegen, which acts specifically on the kidneys and urinary organs, removing deposits in the bladder and any straining, smarting, heat or irritation in the water passages, giving them strength, vigor, and causing a healthy color and easy flow of urine. It can be taken at all times, in all climates, without injury to the system. Unlike any other preparation for kidney difficulties, it has a very pleasant and agreeable taste and flavor. It contains positive diuretic properties and will not nauseate. Ladies especially will like it, and gentlemen will find KIDNEGEN the best Kidney Tonic ever used!

NOTICE.—Each bottle bears the signature of Lawrence & Martin, also a Proprietary Government Stamp, which permits Kidnegen to be sold (without license) by druggists, grocers, and other persons everywhere.

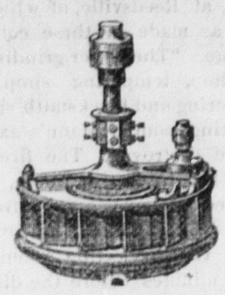
Put up in quart-size bottles for general and family use. LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Prop'rs, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by druggists, grocers and dealers everywhere, and by LAWRENCE & MARTIN, 12-45-1yeow No. 6 Barclay st, New York.

COPPER PATCH PLATE
For mending Tin, Brass, Copper, Lead or Iron, without acid or soldering iron. Any lady or child can mend with it. Will send one sample plate by mail (with directions) that will cut 100 one-fourth inch patches, on receipt of 25cts; 6 for $1; 100 for $15. Postage stamps received as cash. AGENTS WANTED, Can carry one day's stock in your pocket. Sales yield $6 to $15 per day. Our 44-page Illustrated Catalogue of Chromos, Jewelry, Novelties, Stationery, etc. FREE. Address CITY NOVELTY CO., 1008 S. 8th St, Philadelphia, Pa.
Mention this paper.
12-31

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.

BELLEFONTE
PATENT WATER WHEEL,
STEAM ENGINES,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
ROLLING MILL
AND
Grist Mill Machinery.
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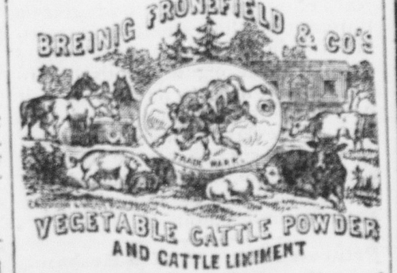
Medical.

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.
F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

DAY'S Kidney PAD

CURES Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, Gravel, Painful Urinating, High Colored Urine, Inability to Retain or Expel the Urine, PAIN IN THE BACK, Nervous Debility, Female Weakness, and all diseases of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER, and URINARY ORGANS, when nothing else can.

LOOK OUT for imitations. Ask for, and take only the DAY PAD. For sale by Druggists, or sent by mail free on receipt of price, $2.00. Certificates of cures and our book "How a Life was Saved," sent on receipt of your address to
12-5 1y. F. POTTS GREEN, Wholesale Agt. for Centre Co.



Is a sure cure for all the ordinary diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine. It cures and prevents Chicken Cholera. Your cow is certain to yield 25 per cent more and better milk and butter. Stock fattens on one-fourth less feed!

Being in possession of a large number of excellent testimonials, I subjoin a few:

I have been using your Cattle Powder for horses, cows, chickens and pigs, and find it a *first class thing.*—GEORGE BOND, Germantown, Pa.

Please send me half a gross of Cattle Powder. I have used two packs on my cow and chickens. The cow gave nearly twice the quantity of milk that she did before, and gave twice the amount of butter. My chickens were dying, but were cured immediately after I had used the powder. Yours truly, JONAS PASOUR, Dallas, N. C.

I have used and compared your Cattle Powder with all others, and must say it is the best for horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, &c. I have tried it on poultry for many complaints, with success in every case.—JONATHAN WEAVER, Berrysburg, Pa.

Last summer you sent me a pack of your powder which I gave to my poultry, and have not had one droopy turkey or chicken since.—MRS. WM. KNAPP, Orange, N. Y.

Send me a pack or two of your Cattle Powder. The pack I got from you last winter cured the chicken cholera. I gave some of it to a neighbor and it cured his chickens.—JOHN WILLIAMS, Spruce Vale, Ohio.

Address me for a pamphlet full of useful information for the farmer, horseman or dairyman. F. A. MULLER,
20-1y 331 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

New and very Attractive Styles are now ready. BEST CABINET OR PARLOR ORGANS IN THE WORLD, winners of the highest distinction at every great world's exhibition for thirteen years. Prices, $51, $57, $66, $84, $108, to $300 and upward. For easy payments, $6.38 a quarter and upward. Catalogue free. MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 154 Tremont St., Boston; 46 East 14th St. (Union Square,) New York; 149 Wabash Ave., Chicago. 45-4t

MASON AND HAMLIN ORGANS

Iron City College.

The most complete institution in the United States for the thorough practical education of young and middle-aged men. Students admitted at any time. For circulars giving full particulars, address, 40-8t J. C. SMITH, A.M., Pittsburgh, Pa.

$66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland Maine. 12-27-6m

JOB PRINTING
Done in the best manner at lowest rates at
Bellefonte REPUBLICAN Office

Miscellaneous.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM
OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
The Positive Cure
For all Female Complaints.

This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, as thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is to-day recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.

In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach.

It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. MRS. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above *Mention this paper.*

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.

SOLD BY F. POTTS GREEN,
12-11-1y Bellefonte.

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER
Is the greatest **Blood Remedy** of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, and all **Blood** diseases yield to its wonderful powers. **Pure Blood** is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of Scrofula."—*J. E. Brooks, Painesville, O.* "It cured my child of Erysipelas."—*Mrs. E. Smeltzer, Lawrence, Pa.* PRICE $1. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Props., Pittsburgh, Pa. *Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers.*

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and use Hop Bitters.
If you are young and indiscretion or dissipated or single, old or poor health or languishing, rely on Hop Bitters.
Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating without intoxicating, take Hop Bitters.
Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves? You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters.
If you are simply weak and low spirited, try it! It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.
If you are a mechanic or laborer, overwork might weaken, but more frequently waste, use Hop Bitters.
If suffering from any disease, use Hop Bitters.
Thousands die annually from some form of Kidney disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of Hop Bitters.
HOP BITTERS NEVER FAIL
D. T. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco, or narcotics.
Sold by druggists. Send for Circular.
HOP BITTERS MFG. CO., Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.

12-43

Hotels

RAILROAD HOUSE,
Corner Front and Pine Street,
Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.
ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.
The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords 25tf

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch)
PHILAD'A
Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; two squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.
18-1y JOEL HUTTON, Proprietor

HELP Yourselves by making money when a golden chance is offered, thereby keeping poverty from your door. Those who always take advantage of the good chances that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all you need, free. No one who engages fails to make money very rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. oct6'80d&w6m

Everybody Make Money!

Watches, Novelties, Jewelry, Oddities, Notions, &c.

Now is the time to push your business or start anew. Our goods are of the very latest styles, purchased mostly at Auction or private Bankrupt Sales, except those we manufacture, warranted as represented. Send for catalogue, prices named, and order your goods. Address, New York Auction Co., 21 Park Row, New York 12-9-6m

The RATIONAL TREATMENT
Cures Catarrh, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption, as well as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, Womb Disease, Sexual Weakness and Nervous Exhaustion. No patent medicine scheme; but remedies prescribed to suit each case.
Address H. LANDIS, M. D., Reading, Pa. Write your full name, post office, state and county, in plain hand. 12-20 1y

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this typ'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Ladies' cloaks and dolmans in great variety for less than elsewhere at the Bee Hive.

—A suspicious individual was seen lurking about the lower end of Lamb street last night. Keep your wealth locked up.

—An entertainment by local artists of the minstrel and variety nature, will shortly be given in the Opera house, we are informed, for the benefit of Mountain City Band.

—Bauland & Newman, at the Bee Hive, have just received a large stock of new goods. They have now the largest and best selected stock in town. Call and see them; attentive clerks are always ready to show their goods.

—A day or two ago as a colored urchin was leaving the race with a bucket from which the water spouted through the sides and bottom, a man across the street—a stalwart Democrat—sung out, "Say, cully, what kind of a bucket have you got there?" The little African wheeled about, rolled up his eyes, and made answer: "Dat? wor, dat's a Hancock bucket—busted!" This ended the dialogue, and the man who began it passed on chewing his tongue vigorously.

—There is some talk, says the Osceola *Reveille*, of another agitation among the miners, and it is currently reported that a meeting was announced for Tuesday in Houtzdale to consider the matter of demanding a check-weighman. There is little danger, however, of any miner putting his foot in it as many of them did last spring. They have learned that strikes do not pay. If they do not get full weight they had better sue in the courts and obtain judgment.

—When Monday's local freight arrived in town and came to a standstill the door of a box car opened and a big, sleepy-looking tramp appeared in the doorway. He seemed to have formed a favorable impression of Bellefonte as a stopping-off place, for he jumped down from the car and started up the street, after carefully unwrapping a chew of tobacco and giving his trousers a scientific hitch. The last we heard of him he was in Lindsay's cigar store endeavoring to convince the clerk that he was the "neice" of his wife's aunt.

Fire Monday Night.

The cabinet shop belonging to Mr. James O'Brien, on Ridge st. off Bishop caught fire Monday night between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock, from some unknown cause and burned to the ground. Two or three sets of furniture, a few coffins and a lot of carpenter tools were destroyed. The Logan fire company was promptly on hand and did good service in preventing the flames from spreading.

State College Notes.

Mr. W. W. Bruner, one of the Juniors, while gunning on Thanksgiving day had a narrow escape from serious, perhaps fatal, injury. He had been stooping down resting his gun against his shoulder, and in the act of rising accidentally discharged his piece. The charge passed so close as to scorch his coat and set his ears ringing.

President Shortlidge left on a trip to the West a few days ago.

The party given to the students at the President's on Saturday evening was enjoyed by all present. Rumor says "still there are more to follow."

Vacation is near at hand, and without doubt will be enjoyed by all.

Axe Factory Burned.

A Lewistown exchange gives the following additional particulars in regard to the burning of Mann's axe works, at Reedsville, of which mention was made in these columns at the time. "The upper grinding shop, bitt shop, tempering shop, head-hammering and blacksmith shop and inspecting room of Mann's axe factory were destroyed. The fire broke out in the inspecting room, and is supposed to have caught from the stove. The watchman, however, had visited the inspecting room about twenty minutes before the discovery of the fire, and saw no signs of it then. The loss on buildings, machinery and stock on hand is very heavy, aggregating probably $60,000 or more, although no estimate has yet been made. The loss is fully covered by insurance. The works will be rebuilt at once."

—It is said that a Cheapside resident was so excited by the cry of fire Monday night that he run clear to the Diamond before he discovered that he had his wife's Sunday cloak on, and back side afore at that. It fit him "quick" and gave him the appearance of a London prefect of police.

Some Queer Inventions.

The latest wrinkle in gas metres is the patent of a Norfolk man, a price indicator showing in dollars and cents the amount of gas used.

An automatic railroad switch signal has been patented by a Hartford hotel clerk. It shows danger when a switch is displaced and will not right itself until the last of the indefinite number of switches to which it may be attached has been properly placed.

Clocks can now be made self winding—that is, electric clocks of the Copenhagen variety. Louis Scœderberg, the Dane, in charge of them, applies to them a mechanical contrivance which periodically cuts off the stream of electric fluid from the battery, and brings an electro-magnet to bear upon the relaxing main-spring in such a way as to renew its tension instantaneously.

A young New Yorker has patented what he calls water skates. The skate is an air vessel made of zinc and hermetically sealed; is about five feet in length, ten inches broad and five inches deep, with vertical sides, and tapers off fore and aft, or at the toe and heel, like a steamboat. On the deck or upper surface there is a socket into which the foot is set, the opening being guarded by a rim of metal to keep the water from washing into the socket. The bottom is fitted with a double gang of automatic paddles, one gang forward and the other aft, with five blades in each gang. The blades are set on swivels in a frame ten inches square that hangs vertically with the bottom of the skate. As the skate is pushed forward through the water the blades are opened and offer no resistence, but when the foot rests so as to begin a forward movement with the other foot, the pressure backward closes the blades and gives a purchase on the water that materially aids in propulsion. Each skate weighs about eight pounds, but in the water, owing to its buoyancy, it has no perceptible weight on the foot. One day the inventor walked across the surface of the Harlem river on them, the movement being a sort of gliding step in which the skate is not lifted out of the water.

Princess Alice and Her Husband.

It has been my lot to meet with a few royal personages in my time, but none have impressed me more than Louis IV., Grand Duke of Hesse-Darmstadt. He is every inch a prince and a soldier, fresh, frank and courtly. Tall and ruddy, with a look of great intelligence and sweetness, and a keen light in his eloquent eyes. The expression is one of simplicity, kindness and manly good sense. His father died two months before the last Grand Duke, Louis III., who has only a family through a morganatic marriage. This potentate's sister was Empress of Russia, and his younger brother the father of Prince von Battenburg, now Prince of Bulgaria.

The palace is situated on a slope of rising ground, exactly opposite the Roman Catholic Church, whose dome is a landmark far and wide. Queen Victoria built it for Princess Alice—Murry states at an outlay of £20,000—her daughter and the nation's. With its gardens it suggests Buckingham Palace on a reduced scale. There are sad memories connected with this stately palace. From one of the windows in the rear of the edifice, fell the little child and died. In another chamber diphtheria killed a second, and "the fatal kiss" was given of which the Royal mother died. But previous to this her health had not been good for a long time, and it must be added that the little court had the limited scope which Darmstadt afforded, perhaps hardly sufficient for that active, intelligent spirit. In her days of lassitude the Darmstadt people did not see much of the Princess, except, indeed, in her constant drives, but they understood fully that her mind and heart were ever at work for the interests of her adopted country. All adored her in their way. The Princess was an exquisite artist, a first-rate musician, and translated an English work, to which she wrote an introduction.

People seldom improve much when they have no better model than themselves to copy after.

A Notable Pigeon Roost.

The most notable pigeon roost in the West is located in the southwestern part of Scott county, Indiana, and covers many hundreds of acres of the forest. To this roost come nightly, in the fall season when pigeons are abundant, millions of these birds. They commence arriving as early as 5 o'clock in the evening, and often until midnight the flocks pour in. The birds commence leaving at lay-light, and by eight or nine o'clock all have departed for the feeding grounds, often hundreds of miles away.

During the roosting season this pigeon roost is a notable and exciting place. Hunters visit it from all parts of Indiana, and from Ohio and Kentucky. They come armed with shot-guns and long poles, and supplied with torches and sacks, the latter to be used in carrying off the captured birds. The hunters usually commence their work about 8 o'clock in the evening, and thence on through the night the scene is an exciting one. The roar of shot-guns is heard on all sides. Added to this is the cracking and falling of the limbs of the trees of the accumulated weight of the pigeons upon them. Torches flash on all sides through the forest, the crash of the long poles through the lower limbs of the trees as they sweep down the birds, the shouts of the hunters and the whirl of the wings rising and setting flocks create confusion worse confounded. Thousads of birds are killed nightly, and during the day droves of hogs roam through the forest to fatten on the killed and wounded birds left on the ground during the night's foray.

At intervals of many years the pigeons change their roosting place, but never locating far away from the old roost. A week ago they made a change of base, taking new quarters a few miles distant from the old roost. This change was made in the night. The Scott county pigeon-roost has been a famous resort for more than eighty years. Near this roost the most noted Indian massacre that ever occurred in this part of the State took place in September, 1812. A party of marauding Pottawatomies, out on the war-path, attacked the pigeon-roost settlement, at that time the most remote in this direction from the falls of the Ohio, and murdered all the settlers but five—two members of the family of John Collins, and Mrs. Beadle and her two small children—Mrs. Beadle flying with her children in her arms, and secreting herself and them in a sink hole till the Indians had gone, when she took the little ones in her arms and ran to the nearest settlement, six miles away, and gave the alarm. It was but a little distance from this heroic spot that the late Democratic candidate for Vice President, Hon. William H. English, passed from infancy into manhood.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

Frank Bury was robbed and hanged by some Chinamen, several years ago, near Gold Hill, Nevada. Soon afterward he met one of the rascals and killed him. A clever and plucky use of his own knife had severed the rope in time. A later exploit increased his reputation on the Pacific coast. He froze the fingers of one hand, and a physician told him they would have to be amputated, at a cost of $100. He decided to save the money by doing the job himself. He fastened one blade of sheep shears in a vise, stuck in his hand, and struck the other blade a hard blow with a sledge. It was a successful operation. These episodes in his history are culled from his obituary, for he has just been killed in a barroom.

Electricity is used in Paris to control vicious horses. A conducting wire runs from an electro-magnet in the seat of the wagon through the reins to the horse's bits. By turning the crank of the magnet a current of electricity is induced and sent to the animal's mouth. No violent shock is given to benumb or greatly alarm the horse, but the slight prickling sensation peculiar to electrical influence surprises and subdues him. An electric whip, to prevent rearing or turning suddenly, is another ingenious invention.

From inquiries conducted by Prof. Hermann Cohn, of Breslau, since 1865, it appears that short sightedness is rarely or never born with those subject to it, and is almost always the result of strains sustained by the eye during study in early youth. Myopia, as it is called, is seldom found among pupils of village schools, and its frequency increases in proportion to the demand made upon the eye in higher schools and in colleges. A better construction of school desks, and a sufficient lighting of class rooms, are the remedies proposed to abate this malady.

Feeble Ladies.

Some languid, tiresome sensations, causing you to feel scarcely able to be on your feet; that constant drain that is taking from your system all its elasticity; driving the bloom from your cheeks; that continual strain upon your vital forces, rendering you irritable and fretful, can easily be removed by the use of that marvelous remedy, Hop Bitters. Irregularities and obstructions of your system are relieved at once, while the special cause of periodical pain is permanently removed. Will you heed this?—*Cincinnati Saturday Night.* 47-2t

The moment a man begins to rise above his fellows, he becomes a mark for their missiles.

THE LATEST NEWS.

A Ball Broken up by a Priest.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 27.—The attempt of Father Moran to break up the Hibernian Ball at Ware Wednesday night has caused a sensation in that neighborhood. The Hibernians will probably bring suit against the priest, who has been in Ware seventeen years and in the Catholic Church forty-five years. He denounced the ball from the pulpit last Sunday, and was promptly on hand in an ante-room to warn people away. The ball was consequently a failure, and the Society lost money because of his action. The Hibernians say that the priest has opposed them for years; that he has forbidden his own parishioners belonging to that society to recognize him on the street, and that he once broke up one of their temperance societies. He says their dances are immoral, and he has to oppose them from a sense of duty. The leading Protestant citizens claim that the dances are proper, and say that the society is made up of the best Irish people in the village.

Hanlan, Laycock and Ross.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Australians cannot raise the £1,000 which Hanlan requires for a race, and the idea of a match seems therefore, at an end. The final deposit in the Tricket Ross match, to be rowed at 11 o'clock to-day, was posted yesterday. The betting is 6 to 4 on Ross.

TORONTO, Nov. 27.—The Hanlan Reception Committee recommend a torchlight procession upon his arrival to escort the champion to Horticultural Garden. They propose to have the freedom of the city presented to Hanlan by the Mayor of the Gardens, and to give him a steam ferry to carry passengers between the city and the hotel on the island.

Condemned to Die.

CLEVELAND Nov. 27.—Welch, the murderer of the man found on the railroad track in Fremont about a year ago, and Callahan, the principal in the brutal pounding to death on the Fair Grounds in Wooster, of young Tormie, whom he mistook for another person, have both up to yesterday appeared indifferent to the fact that they were sentenced to be executed next Friday. Both assert that they did nothing wrong, and Welch denies having had any knowledge of the crime he is accused of committing until he was placed in jail. Unexpected pressure has been brought to bear on Governor Foster in favor of Welch, and at a late hour to-night it was learned that he had granted him a reprieve of ninety days. A similar application in favor of Callahan has been refused.

Blaine Calls on Garfield.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Senator Blaine has arrived in Washington. He held a long conversation to-day with General Garfield on political subjects. Senator Blaine is in good health and has entirely regained the use of his voice, which failed him toward the close of the campaign. Among the other callers on General to-day were Representative Hubbell of Michigan, and Horace White. Mr. Hubbell had an extended conversation with General Garfield, during which political topics were discussed. Mr. Hubbell is of the opinion that the President-elect is not engaged in Cabinet making at present.

Fatal Fall of a Scaffold.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—Five workmen were thrown in the Harlem river yesterday afternoon by the sudden fall of the staging between two of the piers of the new bridge at One-hundred-and-fifty-eighth street. The men were shifting a heavy iron girder designed as a part of the bridge truss when it slipped from them and fell upon the staging, which was already supporting three other pieces of the truss. The added weight and shock of the fall broke through the staging and scattered it in all directions. One of the men was instantly killed and the others were badly injured.

First Execution in Arizona.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—A despatch from Phœnix, Arizona, says: "Demetrio Domingues was hanged to-day for the murder of Mr. Thomas a year ago. He was escorted to the gallows by a strong guard, a rescue having been threatened, but no attempt was made. He was but seventeen years old. He left a written confession acknowledging his guilt. This is the first legal execution in the Territory. Though it is known that four men have been lynched, and eleven other rough characters, who have suddenly disappeared, are supposed to have been hanged.

Murder by a Pauper.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Nov. 27.—A murder is reported at Hartwellville, Vt., where a fight is said to have occurred two days ago between Edson Fuller, of that place, and a town pauper named Withem, resulting from a dispute over some farm stock. It is alleged that Withem struck Fuller several blows over the head with a heavy crutch, smashing in his skull, and that Fuller died last night.

An Editor's Birthday.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 27.—Mr. Lewis H. Redfield, the oldest journalist in the State, celebrated his eighty-seventh birthday yesterday by giving a dinner to the members of the local press. Notwithstanding his age Mr. Redfield's health is good, and his intellect is unimpaired. Carroll E. Smith, editor of the Journal, proposed Mr. Redfield's health, expressing the hope that he might yet be spared for many years.

Garfield's Majority in Maine.

AUGUSTA, Me., Nov. 27.—The official vote of Maine is announced to be as follows: Garfield, 74,039; Hancock, 65,171; Weaver "straight," 4,480; Dow, 92; scattering, 127. Garfield's majority over all is 4,169.

Good Pigeon Shooting.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The tournament of the New York Gun Club wound up with an extraordinary score Saturday, made by Mr. F. C. Arnold, of Philadelphia, member of the Riverton Club and also of the New York Club. The match was for three prizes. The first included the new championship cup, costing $150, and $100 in gold. The second prize was for $100, or a cup, at the option of the winner, and the third prize was $50. The shooting was confined to members of the New York Club. Fourteen men shot at twenty-five birds each, thirty yards rise, from five traps. Mr. F. C. Arnold killed eight birds with his first barrel and seventeen with the second, making a clean score and winning the first prize. Mr. F. Parker took the second prize, killing 21 and missing 4. For the third prize Mr. W. H. Edmunds, Mr. H. A. Gardener and Mr. R. Dexter each brought down 20 birds, missing 5. In shooting off the tie all but Mr. Dexter missed their first bird. This gave the prize to Mr. Dexter. Of the other shooters Colonel Armstrong popped 19, missing 6; G. Sherwood tied the Colonel; Butler laid 18 on the snow, missing 7; S. T. Arthur sent 17 emblems of peace out of the world, sparing 8; Dr. Kenney dispatched 16, 9 escaping; H. Dunlevy spattered 16 out of 20 and then withdrew; H. Peterson dropped 8 out of 15 before taking a back seat.

Sixty Laborers Buried Under the Snow.

DENVER, Nov. 29.—The Leadville *Chronicle* says: Sixty laborers were buried in a snow slide yesterday, near Chalk creek, on the Kokomo extension of the Denver and Rio Grande Road. About 11 a. m. they noticed the pine trees trembling and in an instant a slide came with a loud roar, tearing up the track for a distance of a quarter of a mile and burying sixty men. John Dine was killed, nineteen men were badly injured and eleven others slightly. The slide carried the track over the heads of the men and most of the wounds were probably caused by the iron striking them.

Two Burglars Try to Rob a Church

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—Two burglars yesterday morning broke into St. Matthew's Lutheran church, at Broome and Elizabeth streets, and were operating on an iron safe in the Secretary's room when they were surprised by the sexton, who went there to light a fire. One of them drew a knife and threatened the sexton with violence if he followed them, when both ran out of the edifice. The sexton called for help and a policeman succeeded in arresting one of the burglars, named George Edwards, an ex-convict. They had already broken off the knob of the safe and were about to blow it open with powder when disturbed.

Almost Killed by a Savage Dog.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Nov. 29.—On Thanksgiving day a 17-year old daughter of William Jeffrays was attacked by a large dog which tore a piece out of her arm and throwing her to the ground had torn a gash three inches long in her abdomen when her screams brought assistance. A stout corset alone saved the girl's life at the time. Her condition is now pronounced critical.

A Boy's Noble Act.

JERSEY CITY, Nov. 29.—Mamie and Annie Artis, aged respectively 7 and 5 years, were playing on the ice on the Morris canal this afternoon, when the ice broke and both girls fell into the water. John Barton, aged 12, witnessed the accident and ran to the assistance of the girls. He succeeded in getting them out, but before he reached the shore Annie died in his arms.

Instantly Killed by an Engine.

BETHLEHEM, Nov. 29.—This morning John Horn, an engineer on a locomotive of the Bethlehem Iron Company, crawled out from under his engine after making some repairs and was struck by a passing train. Death followed instantly. The deceased lived at Freemansburg and leaves a large family.

$2,500 for a Son's Life.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 29.—Saturday, in Judge Fell's Court, the jury in the suit by Isaac Noar against the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, to recover damages for the killing of his son, rendered a verdict in favor of Mr. Noar for $2,500.

Tonnage Tax Taken Off Chinese Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The following proclamation has been issued by the President:

Whereas, Satisfactory evidence has been given me by the government of His Majesty, the Emperor of China, that no discriminating duties of tonnage or imposts are imposed upon or levied in the ports of that nation upon vessels wholly belonging to citizens of the United States, or upon produce, manufactures or merchandise imported in the same, therefore, I, Rutherford B. Hayes, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority in me vested by law, do hereby proclaim that foreign discriminating duties of tonnage and imposts within the United States are and shall be suspended and discontinued, so far as respects the vessels of China, and produce, manufactures and merchandise imported thereon into the United States from China, or from any other foreign country, so long as the exemption aforesaid on the part of China of vessels belonging to citizens of the United States and their cargoes shall be continued, and no longer.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this 23d day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifth.

R. B. HAYES.

[L. S.] By the President:

WM. M. EVARTS, Sec'y of State.

Serious Fire at West Point, Va.

WEST POINT, Nov. 30.—A fire occurred here last night which destroyed the extension wharves and sheds of the Richmond, New York and Chesapeake Railroad Company and the company's steamer Shirley, also the telegraph and freight offices and all the freight on the wharves, including 2,600 bales of cotton. The loss is estimated at $250,000; insured. The ruins and extent of the conflagration can be estimated from the fact that there were 2,100 feet of wharves and six immense warehouses, which included 1,300 feet on the water front, the whole covering an area of nearly four acres. Beside the cotton destroyed there was a large amount of other freight and twenty-one freight cars burned.

Facts for the Curious.

Don't get soured with the world; it does not mend matters for you, but it makes you very disagreeable to others.

It is reported that 320,000 holes were bored in the execution of St. Gothard tunnel, 980,000 pounds of dynamite consumed, and 1,650,000 drills worn out.

As Sir William Thompson has shown, the sun, if it were composed of solid coal and produced its light by combustion, would burn out in less than 6,000 years.

It is expected that the Illinois Central Railroad Company will soon purchase from the city of Chicago three blocks of lake front property. They will pay $750,000 for it

Tacks.—Two hundred and fifty different kinds of tacks are manufactured from brass, copper, zinc, iron and steel. The material from which tacks are made is first cut in long strips as wide as the required length of the tack. It is then put into a machine which cuts it into tacks or nails, as the case may be, as quickly and as easily as a boy would munch a stick of candy.

The Cunard line has lost two vessels in thirty-seven years, but has never lost a life nor a letter. The Colombia, one of their first vessels, went ashore between Halifax and Boston. The passengers and cargo were landed safely, but the vessel could not be got off. The Tripoli went ashore near Tuskar, off the coast of Ireland, about six years ago. The passengers and cargo were landed safely, but the vessel was broken up.

"Train catching," says the *Hour*, "is the cause of more ill health than is generally supposed. Those who 'bolt' their breakfasts, in order to be in time for the morning train, know that such a course leads to dyspepsia, with its attendant ills, and the violent exertion which is made by those who just 'save their distance' produces an excitement of the heart and blood vessels which, if frequently repeated, is likely to end in serious organic disease.'

Tons of Grapes and Their Use.

It is astonishing to see the large quantity of grapes of the finest quality, and large clusters, that are each year mashed up for wine, at the vineyards of A. Speer, Passaic, N. J. Mr. Speer buys large quantities of grapes, and also raises the Oporto grape, from which he makes his celebrated wine, without the admixture of alcohol or spirits. This wine is found by careful analysis to be the best wine in market for invalids and debilitated persons. It is called Speer's Port Grape Wine, and is sold by druggists. It is extensively used by churches for the communion table. Excellent for fatigued females. For sale by J. J. HARRIS. 47-2t

"What decoration is that you are wearing?" said an Austrian Sergeant to a new recruit. The man blushed deeply and responded: "It is a medal our cow won at the cattle show."

"You don't seem to have made much money by bringing your hogs down here," was remarked to a farmer who had driven his hogs seven miles to town and then sold them for precisely what was offered him before he left home. "Well, no," said the agriculturist, pensively, "I hain't made no money, but then," brightening, "you know I had the company of the hogs on the way down."

An English nobleman riding along a country road in Ireland saw a very fat boy dozing by the roadside. "Which is the way to Macroom, my lad?" asked the nobleman. "That way," replied the boy, lazily moving the toe of his boot in the direction of the place. Astonished at his extreme laziness, my lord dismounted. "Boy," said he, "if you can show me a lazier act than that I will give you half a crown." The boy eyed him for a moment, and turning half over on his side, said, "Put it in my pocket, sor." He got his half crown.

One Experience from Many.

"I had been sick and miserable so long and had caused my husband so much trouble and expense, no one seemed to know what ailed me, that I was completely disheartened and discouraged. In this frame of mind I got a bottle of Hop Bitters and I used them unknown to my family. I soon began to improve and gained so fast that my husband and family thought it strange and unnatural but when I told them what had helped me, they said "Hurrah for Hop Bitters! long may they prosper, for they have made mother well and us happy."—The Mother, —*Home Journal*. 47-2t

Benjamin F Butler and Col. Ingersoll met on the train to Washington the other evening. In reply to Col. Ingersoll's greeting, "How do you feel?" Gen. Butler said, "Oh, pretty well." "Why," said Col. Ingersoll in a surprised tone, "I supposed you must be feeling very sick over Garfield's election." "I misunderstood you," replied Butler; "I do feel badly enough," and then added, "You and Beecher did it, Colonel." "Well," retorted the Colonel, "how could you expect to win with the Lord and the devil both against you?"

A young lady has a Sunday school class of rather bright boys, averaging between seven and nine years. Recently she requested each pupil to come on the following Sunday with some passage of scripture bearing upon love. The lads heeded the request, and in their turn recited their verses bearing upon the popular topic—such as "Love your enemies," "Little children, love one another," etc. The teacher said to the boy whose turn came last, "Well, Robbie, what is your verse?" Rising, he responded, "Song of Solomon, second verse—'Stay me with flagons, comfort me with apples, for I am sick of love.'"

Shakespeare's House.

One of the old relics of London, has lately passed away to make room for modern buildings, but his works are immortal, and those who desire to become familiar with them can obtain the complete edition in one large handsomely bound volume, 11½ by 8½ inches on tinted paper, in gilt and illustrated as a premium to DR. FOOT'S HEALTH MONTHLY, by sending One Dollar for a year's subscription. Sample copies of the latter sent free. Postage on Shakespeare 25 cents extra; by registered mail 35 cents.

MURRAY HILL PUB. CO., 129 East 28th Street, N. Y. City. 46-2t

Recently several Bangor girls wrote to about twenty young men in town, signing a fictitious name, asking for a meeting on Hight street. The letter also requested that the young man bring along a friend, as there were "two of 'em." Of course each young man with his chum kept the matter secret until the evening, when they sallied forth to meet their lady loves. The young ladies secreted themselves and waited developments. As a consequence about thirty young men met at the appointed place, wondered why so many were about, and at last, seeing through the joke, sneaked off.

"Its Effect like a Miracle."

HIGHGATE, VT., Sept. 16th.

A year ago last March I was taken with severe rheumatic pains, which, changing from one place to another, finally settled in my loins, the disease constantly increasing in severity. Past midsummer all efforts to obtain relief had failed—my appetitie gone, my flesh wasting away and not able to walk a step but with the greatest difficulty. I told my friends that I should not live to see the snow fly again. In this condition I was persuaded by a neighbor to try one more medicine—the Kidney Wort. Its effect was like a miracle. I soon began to recover the use of my limbs, my appetite and strength returned, and on the fifth day (the last of June) with less than half a package of Kidney-Wort used, I went into my hay field to work; and continued to labor through the season. I will add, that, as a tonic, my wife and self have found the Kidney-Wort to be very useful, and I take great pleasure in commending the medicine as valuable. SAMUEL HOGOBON.

47-2t

New Advertisements.

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE SUBSCRIBER, residing in Benner township, on or about the last of August, a red and white STEER, supposed to be one year old next spring. Also, a HEIFER, about three years old, red and white, right ear cropped. The owners are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.

Nov. 25, 1880.—47-3t THOS. G. PURDUE.

ESTRAY.—CAME TRESPASSING ON THE premises of the undersigned about the middle of September last, a STEER, red, with white spots, about 3 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law.

Fleming, Nov. 17, 1880. 45-3 J. E. WAY.

ESTRAY.—CAME TRESPASSING ON THE premises of the subscriber in Huston township, on or about October 1st, 1880, a roan colored HEIFER, supposed to be about two years old. Has a piece cut off the top of the right ear. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take said animal away, or it will be disposed of according to law. HUGH GLENN.

Martha, Nov. 16, 1880. 45-3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of DANIEL MUSSER, deceased, late of Harris township, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.

ELIZABETH MUSSER,
JACOB BOTTORF,
C. P. W. FISHER,
Administrators.

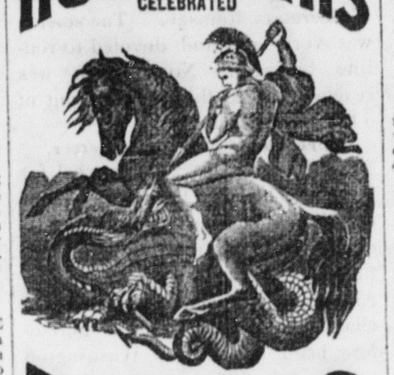
42-6t

New Advertisements.

ESTRAY.—CAME TO THE PREMISES OF the subscriber, in Curtin township, on or about the 15th day of November, FOUR HEAD YOUNG CATTLE, supposed to be about two and a-half years old; one dark red steer with tip off each ear; one dark red heifer, no mark; one white and red steer, no mark; one white and red spotted heifer, rather brindle. The owners are notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away; otherwise they will be disposed of according to law. 47-3t JOHN T. LUCAS.

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED



STOMACH BITTERS

There is no civilized nation in the Western Hemisphere in which the ultimate of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a tonic, corrective, and anti-bilious medicine, is not known and appreciated. While it is a medicine for all seasons and all climates, it is especially suited to the complaints generated by the weather, being the purest and best vegetable stimulant in the world.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally, to whom apply for Hostetter's Almanac for 1881. 47-4t

New Advertisements.

A THOROUGH EDUCATION

FOR

Young Ladies!

Hollidaysburg Seminary,

Hollidaysburg, Blair County, Pa.

A very healthful location; beautiful surroundings. Offers to young ladies all the advantages of a Christian home, with thorough course of instructions in the higher branches of education.

Terms, $250.00 per Annum,

Including board and attendance, use of library, periodicals, and tuition in all English branches. Music and Art extra.

Annual Term, forty weeks. For catalogue with full information, address,

W. P. HUSSEY, A. M.,
Principal, Hollidaysburg, Pa.

GOLD! AGENTS WANTED for our new book, "*DIGGING GOLD*" among the Rocky Mountains. Describes how gold is found and mined; how mining companies are formed and great fortunes made. Gives a graphic history of various discoveries of gold and silver, especially those lately made in Leadville, Black Hills and Gunnison Country. Thrilling scenes of camp-life among miners; tricks of sharpers exposed, etc. For terms address HUBBARD BROS., 723 Sansom st, Philadelphia. 47-4t

New Advertisements.

1881.

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

This popular periodical is pre-eminently a journal for the household.

Every number furnishes the latest information in regard to Fashions in dress and ornament, the newest and most approved patterns, with descriptive articles derived from authentic and original sources; while its Stories, Poems, and Essays on Social and Domestic Topics, give variety to its columns.

Harper's Periodicals.

Harper's Weekly, one year	$4 00
Harper's Magazine, one year	4 00
Harper's Bazar, one year	4 00
The three above publications, one year	10 00
Any two above named, one year	7 00
Harper's Young People, one year	1 50

☞ Postage free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the *Bazar* begin with the first number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it is understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of order.

The last eleven annual volumes of HARPER'S BAZAR, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7.00 each.

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by post-office money order or draft, to avoid chance of loss.

☞ Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address, HARPER & BROTHERS,
47-3t New York.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

Rural New Yorker.

For North, East, South, West.

Farmers, Fruit Growers, Stockmen, Gardeners, Dairymen, Florists, you cannot afford to do without it.

500 Beautiful Illustrations from Nature yearly.

The First American Rural Authority! 16 pages, Weekly, only $2.00 a Year.

It has distributed FREE among its subscribers some of the most valuable varieties of plants in civilization.

SEND FOR SPECIMEN COPIES, WHICH WILL BE FORWARDED FREE.

The present Free Seed and Plant Distribution is worth more than the yearly cost of subscription.

ASK THOSE WHO KNOW.

Your family will be delighted with the *RURAL NEW YORKER.*

It is Pure in Tone.
Sparkling, Conscientious, Original.
Best Writers in the World

31*st Year of its age, 4th of its present Management.*

SUBSCRIBE NOW.

Experiment grounds of 82 acres worked in the interests of subscribers. The Rural New Yorker will aid you to make and to save money. It will tell you what new seeds and plants, farm implements, etc., to purchase, without regard to advertising interests.

Special departments devoted to Markets, News of the Week, to Women, Domestic Economy, to Religious Matters, Fashions.

Trustworthy Market Reports from all centers a specialty. Address,

RURAL NEW YORKER,
34 Park Row, New York.

Sales of Real Estate.

Valuable Farm at Public Sale.

Will be offered at Public Sale on the premises in Marion township, on

Tuesday, Dec. 14, 1880, at 1 o'clock P. M.

the following described real estate late of John Beatty, deceased, to-wit: All that certain messuage or tract of land situated in Marion township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: By lands of Hugheston heirs, McCalmont heirs, Judge Divens, John Decker, John Irvin, W. W. Beck and Henry Orndorf, containing 180 acres and allowance. There is thereon erected a two-story dwelling house, bank barn and other outbuildings, a never-failing well of water at the door, a good sized orchard of choice fruit.

This farm is in a good state of cultivation. Portions of it are underlaid with iron ore of good quality. There is limestone on the farm for liming purposes, of which some has been taken out and applied to the land. This farm is well worth the attention of those wishing to purchase a good farm, being smooth and easily worked. It is within about 1½ miles of Jacksonville, three miles of Howard station on the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, and eight miles of Bellefonte. This farm is convenient to schools, churches and mills. Persons wishing further information will please address or call upon W. C. BEATTY, residing on the place, post office address, Walker, Centre county, Pa.

A dower of three thousand one hundred and ninety-eight dollars and sixty-six cents to remain in the farm for the widow of the late George Hoy, deceased. The above property is owned by the heirs of John Beatty, deceased who desire to sell to make a dividend between the heirs. Terms made known on day of sale

41ts W. C. BEATTY, Adm.

FINE GUNS.

JUST RECEIVED:

Breech Loading Double Shot Guns, Fine English Twist, $22 to $28.

Remington Sporting Rifles, breech-loading, "Little Beauties," $17 to $ 8.

Winchester Rifles, all qualities, from $22.50 to $37.

Cartridge Revolvers, $1.25 to $12.

Shot Guns, $3 to $7

Double Shot Guns, $7 to $15.

Real Twist, Patent Breech Double Shot Guns, good quality, $14.

Rifles, $10.

ALSO, A FINE LOT OF

SPORTING AMMUNITION,

—AT—

Theo. Deschner's Gun Store

Next door to Richard's Jewelry Store. 12-25

THE BEST PAPER! TRY IT! BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED. 30th year.

The Scientific American.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is a large first-class Weekly Newspaper of sixteen pages printed in the most beautiful style, profusely illustrated with splendid engravings representing the newest inventions and the most recent advances in the Arts and Sciences; including new and interesting facts in Agriculture, Horticulture, the Home, Health, Medical Progress, Social Science, Natural History, Geology, Astronomy. The most valuable practical papers, by eminent writers in all departments of Science, will be found in the Scientific American.

Terms, $3.20 per year, $1.60 half year, which includes postage. Discount to agents. Single copies, ten cents. Sold by all newsdealers. Remit by postal order to MUNN & Co., publishers, 37 Park Row, New York.

PATENTS. In connection with the Scientific American, Messrs. Munn & Co. are Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, have had 35 years experience, and now have the largest establishment in the world. Patents are obtained on the best terms. A special notice is made in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN of all inventions patented through this Agency, with the name and residence of the patentee. By the immense circulation thus given, public attention is directed to the merits of the new patent, and sales or introduction often easily effected.

Any person who has made a new discovery or invention, can ascertain, *free of charge*, whether a patent can probably be obtained, by writing to Munn & Co. We also send free our Hand Book about the Patent Laws, Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, their cost, and how procured, with hints for procuring advances on inventions. Address for the Paper, or concerning Patents, MUNN & CO.,

35-3t 37 Park Row, New York.

Branch Office, cor. F and 7th sts, Washington, D. C.

Van Dyke's SULPHUR SOAP

Is superior to all other soaps. It is combined with Sulphur in its pure, unadulterated state, which enters the pores of the skin, being absorbed into the blood through the minute capillaries, and thus acts upon the skin, whether it is healthy or in a diseased condition, both locally and constitutionally, thereby eliminating all impurities from the blood, and exciting the skin to healthy action. It produces a fineness, purity, and freshness of the complexion which is unequalled, and can be produced by no other means. No toilet, nursery or bath room is complete without it. It makes the skin pure, clear, white and healthy; is cleansing, deodorizing, disinfecting, soothing, healing and purifying; removes dandruff, chafing, ulcers, sores, eruptions, roughness and redness of the skin; relieves itching, burning and stinging of the skin, and irritation of biting and stinging insects; will relieve itching piles when nothing else will have any effect. Ask for VAN DYKE'S SULPHUR SOAP; insist upon it, and take no imitation. Sold by druggists. Aschenbach & Miller, proprietors, 301 Callowhill street, Philadelphia. 12-20-1y

IN THE WHOLE HISTORY OF MEDICINE

No preparation has ever performed such marvelous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation, as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long continued series of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious disorders, it acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in throat and lung disorders, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have once used it never will. From their knowledge of its composition and effects, physicians use the CHERRY PECTORAL extensively in their practice, and clergymen recommend it. It is absolutely certain in its remedial effects, and will always cure where cures are possible.

For sale by all dealers. 12-39-1y 1

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration having been issued to the undersigned on the estate of WARREN S. LUCAS, late of Curtin township, deceased, all persons having demands against the deceased are requested to present them, duly authenticated, for payment, and those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.

45-6t JEHU P. LUCAS, Adm.,
P. O. address, Howard, Pa.

JOB PRINTING

Done in the best manner at lowest rates at

Bellefonte REPUBLICAN Office

S. & A. LOEB,

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DEALERS IN THE CELEBRATED

ROCHESTER CLOTHING.

Better Fits, better Workmanship, better Styles, better Linings, superior in every respect to any other ready-made Clothing in the United States, and equal in every respect to the work of any merchant tailor in any of our large cities.

Prices fully as low as ordinary slop-shop work—generally sold in Bellefonte.

Mothers, bring in your Children, from 4 years up, and examine our assortment of CHILDREN'S WEAR.

S. & A. LOEB,

34 Fine Clothiers, and dealers in General Merchandise

Lawrence L. Brown—Coal, Grain, Plaster, &c.

WANTED.

10,000 BUSHELS CORN.
10,000 BUSHELS BARLEY.
10,000 BUSHELS OATS.
10,000 BUSHELS RYE.

Highest Cash Prices will be Paid.

I am stocking my COAL YARD this season with nothing but the VERY BEST QUALITY of

ANTHRACITE COAL!

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BELLEFONTE, PA.

Our New York Letter.

THE BEWILDERMENTS OF BIGAMY—NITRO GLYCERINE IN THE RELIGIOUS WORLD—TROWELS AND TRAFFIC—BANKERS, BROKERS, BULLETS AND ROMANCE—A STARTLING STORY OF TWO CONTINENTS.

From our own Correspondent.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25, 1880.

There is a lull in suicides and murder, it is not so active, commercially speaking; but detected bigamy is quite lively. So are the deceived damsels. Three cases in one week in Brooklyn is quite an item for the City of Churches, and in all of them there were unusual circumstances. In one, a young husband calmly deserted his wife and in three weeks wooed, won and married another publicly, with quite a good deal of parade in another ward. His perfidy was discovered by his second wife finding a letter from his little son, stating that his ma would like to see pop. In another case a man married two girls who were intimate friends, both publicly in church, and they visited each other, knowing they were married, and rather drawn to each other by the knowledge that by marriage they had become namesakes as well as friends, and yet neither dreaming for one moment that the husband of each was the reputed husband of both. This little game was carried on undiscovered for one year and a half, and I must say the man was a wonderful smart fellow so far, though it was silly in him to do like the other fellow, in leaving his letters about where his inquisitive little helpmeets, in their truly feminine pursuit of going through hubby's pockets, could find the compromising evidence of his tricks. In a third case the marriage took place three weeks before election, bride No. 2 acting as bridesmaid for No. 1. Groom got tired of No. 1, who lived with her parents while he lived with his, and, visiting her one evening asked to see the marriage certificate, tore it up and burned it and remarking that that settled that marriage, told her he was going to marry her bridesmaid and would kill her if she interfered. He did marry the bridesmaid as he had said, who was foolish enough to believe in the efficiency of his rough and ready divorce proceedings, and then called with No. 2 on No. 1 for congratulations. It's a queer world sometimes. The last would really seem too wildly improbable for the most farcical extravaganza ever put on the stage, but it is a sad and sober fact. Groom and bride No. 2 are both professional pedestrians, the former being, when arrested, in training for the O'Leary belt.

Talking of the stage reminds me of a threatening cause for a holy old rumpus in the advertised representation of a "Passion Play" at Booth's Theater where the life and sufferings of our Saviour are to be portrayed by second class actors who can't succeed in the legitimate drama, for the usual consideration paid for tickets at the doors. The pulpit and most of the press are up in arms at the proposed desecration of the deepest feelings in the minds of many devout persons. To even the Hebrew, Turk or infidel, the idea seems to be one of execrated want of taste. To Christians it is simply appalling in profranity. In San Francisco the performers were arrested and the principal ones fined, but it is very doubtful whether our authorities here will consider any precedent established on the Pacific Slope, and we shall no doubt have the spectacle presented according to the programm mapped out, and, no doubt, in a money point of view, the promoters will find that they have hit on a very paying scheme.

When building is brisk and dealers in jewelry, bric-a-brac, art furniture, carriages, and all that sort of thing, are doing well it shows that the boom of business is a pretty solid fact. In Brooklyn alone there have been $6,000,000 spent in building since January, a large proportion being for elegant private dwelling houses, and the purveyors of all kinds of luxuries for back and palate and comfort generally are in high feather. It is an era of good times. Long may it wave.

The melancholy death by a pistol shot, which may be suicide, but let us hope was but an accident, of a young Dane who bore an Italian title of nobility, the Baron Gedalia, has directed attention to a veritable romance. The head of the family was once a saddler in quite a small way of business in Copenhagen. By dint of economy and judicious investments he accumulated some money, and bloomed out gradually as a banker; then he budded out into the higher regions of finance, attracted the attention of the Rothchilds, and became their Scandinavian agent. Finally he became so enormously rich and influential that he was in a position, when the French were called on to pay their stupendous war indemnity to the Germans, the extravagant expenditure of which has reacted so disastrously on the Fatherland, to offer to pay the whole sum in a lump. The proposition was seriously considered by the French government, and would undoubtedly have been adopted but for Jules Favre's patriotic determination to appeal to the masses, with the result, so glorious to France, which we all know, that the peasantry dived into their old stockings and under the thatch of their roofs and poured out their hoarded savings into the treasury of the nation. For negotiating another loan of great magnitude, at a pinch, for Italy, the financier was ennobled by the king of that country. Good fortune however, left him at last. He was tripped up in some ferocious bucking against some other moneyed magnates and was severely left in the lurch. The family emigrated to this country, and for some time were so miserably poor that they pigged together in an east-side tenement house, after actually wanting bread, and enduring the direct pangs of poverty-stricken pride. At last the old man could stand it no longer. He went back to Denmark, vowing he'd get rich again and be revenged on his enemies. This was two years ago, and it is said he has begun to fulfill the first count of his vigorous and desperate resolve. Two of the sons secured minor clerkships, one in a bank and one in a mining brokers' office. Both prospered wonderfully, and both were soon enabled to go into business on their own account. They moved to a magnificent mansion on Murray Hill, entered society, gave elegant entertainments, and began life again something of the old life they had once enjoyed in their days of splendor. Here, however, fickle fortune again proved faithless in a degree, and the mining broker, after clearing large sums of money, recently met with reverses which stripped him very suddenly of his rapidly acquired wealth. Of course he felt dependent, as any one would in the first flush of such disappointment, but his friends argue that to a young man who had already shown himself such a mastery of business there was really no cause for discouragement, and he had a grand future before him. They scout the idea of suicide, and the coroner's jury have rendered an open verdict. But New York is full of such cases. It is only now and then that some such startling *denouement* throws light on the ups and downs that are encountered in the midst of such, but the instances exposed to the public gaze are but a small percentage of what might be revealed were Asmodeus again to favor some industrious writer with an inner view of what goes on around him. RADIX.

A Stinger on Bernhardt.

REV. DR. TAYLOR CONTRASTS MRS. LINCOLN'S RECEPTION WITH THAT OF THE ACTRESS.

There were Sunday School superintendents, teachers, workers and church goers assembled in the Chambers Presbyterian church, Philadelphia, Tuesday night to hear addresses upon the Robert Raikes centenary. The object of the meeting was to recall some of the scenes of the great Sunday-school convention held in England last summer and to infuse a new movement in the Sunday-school movement, Rev. J. M. P. Otts opened the exercises with prayer, and John Wanamaker spoke briefly, introducing Dr. William M. Taylor, of New York. This gentleman gave a sketch of the Raikes centenary, and drew, from what he had seen of English Sunday-schools, a lesson that he thought could be studied with profit here. Particularly in thoroughness did they excel us, he said, but in no other detail.

While commenting upon the influence for evil that Parisian immorality was having upon this country, the doctor, with great vehemence and amid an audible flutter of interest, said: "A few weeks ago the Amerique sailed up New York bay and on her deck were two passengers. Crowds came down to the pier to meet the one and welcome her. The other was a widow, and but one loving person came and offered her his arm and led her through the crowd. They were roughly hustled aside by a policeman, with the cry, 'Make way for the carriage of Mademoiselle?' It was the actress whose name I will not permit to pollute my lips, while the other was the widow of Abraham Lincoln."

The patent allusion to Sara Bernhardt was received with evident satisfaction by the audience, there being indications that general applause would have followed but for the character of the place where the meeting was held.

The Pacific Slope Character.

Frank Bury was robbed and hanged by some Chinamen, several years ago, near Gold Hill, Nevada. Soon afterward he met one of the rascals and killed him. A clever and plucky use of his own knife had severed the rope in time. A later exploit increased his reputation on the Pacific coast. He froze the fingers of one hand, and a physician told him they would have to be amputated, at a cost of $100. He decided to save the money by doing the job himself. He fastened one blade of sheep shears in a vise, stuck in his hand, and struck the other blade a hard blow with a sledge. It was a successful operation. These episodes in his history are culled from his obituary, for he has just been killed in a barroom.

They have discovered a tree in South America that gives milk. A Yankee would make pumps out of the wood and get a patent.—*Meriden Recorder.* It is nothing uncommon for young lambs to procure milk, from the same source, in this country. The tree from which they derive their nourishment is called the ewe.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Sherman and the Ohio Senatorship.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Yesterday Secretary Sherman was waited upon by an Ohio man, who promised him support for the Senatorship. The Secretary replied that he was not a candidate in the sense that he would push for the position, but that he was grateful for the support of his friends and would be glad to be elected, and if chosen would serve the people of Ohio to the best of his ability. The friends of the Secretary say that he has already received sufficient assurances from Ohio to guarantee his election. Stanley Matthews has positively withdrawn in his favor.

No Match Between Hanlan and Laycock.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—A meeting of the supporters of Hanlan and Laycock was held at the office of the *Sportsman* to-day. There will be no match between these celebrated oarsmen. Ward and Hanlan were both present, and the latter declared he would not row inside of six weeks' preparation, as he had gained eight pounds in flesh since the race with Trickett on Monday of last week. He has also sold his boats and would be obliged to get new ones built. Laycock is obliged to leave England by the last of December. Mr. Thompson, the backer of Laycock, has promised to endeavor to bring Laycock and Trickett to the United States and Canada next year.

Female Typos on the Reading Eagle.

READING, Nov. 23.—A strike took place to day in the office of the Reading daily *Eagle*, about twenty compositors leaving their cases on account of the employment of a couple of women to learn the business. This move on the part of the proprietor, Jesse G. Hawley, led to the belief that as soon as the women were taught to set type they would usurp the places of the male employes. The strikers say if the women leave there will be no trouble, as they have no fault to find either with their pay or their general treatment, but they believe if the two are permitted to remain others will follow, and this will lower wages and throw them out of employment.

The Dead Governor.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 23.—The remains of Governor Williams were taken from the Washington club-rooms at 11:30 o'clock to the Courthouse, where they lay in state until 5 o'clock this afternoon. The procession was composed of a platoon of police, the adjutant-general and Quartermaster-general, with their respective aids, a band, the Light Infantry, the Jefferson club, citizens on foot, a special guard of eight policemen, pall-bearers, relatives of deceased, Governor Gray, State officers and citizens in carriages.

No Public Welcome for General Garfield.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—In reference to the earnest wish of General Garfield, as expressed in a telegram received late last night, the public reception and serenade on his arrival in this city, for which preparations were being made, will be omitted. General Garfield stated that his visit is to be brief and on strictly private business, with which the proposed demonstration would interfere.

Republican Chances in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—In Republican political circles to-day there is quite a buoyant feeling on the subject of party control in the Senate after the 4th of next March. Heretofore the Republican papers have rested mainly on the doubts which shroud the attitude of General Mahone, but from the expressions to-day it is shown that the Republicans consider that they have another string to their bow. It is hinted that a case will be made up against Mr. Fair, of Nevada, and objection raised to his admission on the ground of notorious bribery in the election of members of the Legislature. It is claimed that there has been no concealment of the fact that large sums of money were spent in the interest of Mr. Fair to secure the election of members of the Legislature favorable to his election, and that names, dates and amounts can and will be given. It is quite true that there has been much talk about the use of money and other improper influences in controlling the Senatorial contest in Nevada.

The Next President at the Capitol.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—General Garfield and wife arrived here this evening. In consequence of the announcement by the local papers that in accordance with the General's request the proposed public demonstration would not take place, but few persons were present at the railroad station. He was received and warmly welcomed, however, by Col. Robt. G. Ingersoll, Deputy Quartermaster General Rockwell and a delegation of the National Towpath club, a prominent political organization of this city. The General and Mrs. Garfield then drove quietly to their residence, where during the evening they received a few of their personal friends.

Uninteresting Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—At the Cabinet meeting to-day all the members were present with the exception of Secretary Ramsey. The session was very brief and devoted to routine business. No decision was reached as to the appointment of a Chief Signal Officer.

More About the Morey Letter.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Counsel for the prosecution in the Morey letter case for some time past have been carefully examining the letter and the envelope in which it was inclosed, to see if either would afford any clue to the writer. As has heretofore been stated, the Washington postmark is different from that in use at the Postoffice there at the date of the letter. Now it is certain that the envelope originally bore another name. Photograph copies of it, very much enlarged, have been taken, and these reveal that an address has been nearly erased from it. The name was either "Cox" or "Fox," care of some company, "New York City." The first name looks like Edwin or Edward. Various inquiries have been made among persons bearing this name, but without results. None of them recalls receiving a letter from Washington at that time. Inquiries will be continued in this direction. Meanwhile no additional indictments have been found by the Grand Jury against any of the persons implicated in the forging and circulating the letter. Dispatches from the West reported that both he and Marshall Jewell, chairman of the Republican National Committee, had called on Gen. Garfield. It was understood that they were there in connection with the forged letter.

An Ungrateful British Officer.

NORFOLK, VA., Nov. 24.—The officers of the navy yard are excited and indignant at the action of the captain of the British steamer Sanderingham, which was wrecked off Cape Henry beach a few weeks ago. The Secretary of the Navy gave permission for her to be repaired in the dry dock at the navy yard and the dock was prepared to receive her, notwithstanding it was needed for one of the vessels belonging to the navy. Yesterday afternoon the Sanderingham was placed in the dock, when, without cause, the captain of the Sanderingham lauched the bitterest abuse upon the American navy, its officers and the flag. The facts were reported to the Commandant of the yard in waiting, and Commodore Hughes promptly ordered the vessel to be taken from the yard at once. The Sanderingham is still afloat in the dock, Commodore Hughes having ordered that no work to be done on her until instructions are received from the Secretary of the Navy.

The Passion Play Condemned.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The Board of Aldermen to-day adopted a resolution condemning the proposed production of the Passion Play, and calling upon the Corporation Attorney to give his opinion as to whether the existing laws are sufficient to prevent its introduction. That official is also asked if no law exists, and to state whether the Common Council has power to pass an act to prohibit the play, and if it has he is instructed to prepare an ordinance that will cover the case. Alderman Marshall is the only one who voted against the resolution.

The Work of an Inmate.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 24.—A special to the *Pioneer Press* from St. Peter says: Ben Hasselman, an inmate of the insane asylum, arrested yesterday on suspicion of having fired the building, made a confession to-day that he had committed the deed. He says he was badly treated and tried to burn the building. He says he wishes all had been burned. He placed a can of naptha in the female wing, but it did not ignite when he tried to kindle it. He was considered a mild case, and was allowed the run of the building.

No Tipplers Need Apply.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Old Colony Railroad a resolution reciting that: "Whereas, The stockholders believe that many railroad accidents are due to the use of intoxicating liquors, the president, superintendent and directors are instructed to employ no person who use intoxicating liquors as a beverage."

Frozen to Death.

BERKLEY, N. J., Nov. 23.—An old man named Schroeder was frozen to death in the woods at West Plains last night.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Nov. 23.—A tramp was found frozen to death on a hotel stoop here this morning.

ROMMEY, Ont., Nov. 23.—Robert Lott, a farmer, was found frozen to death near this place yesterday.

Murdered while Asleep in His Bed.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 23.—William Driscall, a white man was murdered by Mose and Frank Twiggs, colored, in Burks county on last Thursday night. The murderers entered the victim's apartment and shot him while asleep, setting the bed on fire. They have been arrested.

WIDE AWAKE for 1881

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IF the boys and girls of America could but see the piles of delightful manuscripts, and the beautiful drawings for them, waiting to be grouped into the twelve numbers of WIDE AWAKE for 1881, we are sure that during the next three months the subscription list of the magazine would be more than doubled. Out of many brilliant features we announce the following, leaving delightful surprises in store.

Perhaps the first in general interest will be

A New Story by Geo. MacDonald

the publishers having recently completed arrangements abroad with Mr. George MacDonald to write and send them the original manuscript of a serial story for older readers, which from its subject and character Americans will find of greater interest than any of his former books. This story, the title of which will be announced later, will be given complete during 1881 in Monthly Supplements, thus giving free to every subscriber one of Mr. MacDonald's longest and finest stories.

Those who remember with delight that charming home story of the "Dogberry Bunch" will read with still greater delight

ROCKY FORK,

a story of the Ohio Hill Country, by Mary Hartwell Catherwood. Those who have read this serial in manuscript pronounce it one of the most fascinating stories they ever read. It is as gay and sparkling as a wild mountain brook. Mr. Geo. F. Barnes will illustrate this story with *thirty-six drawings.*

Mrs. A. M. Diaz has written the Little Folks' own serial,

POLLY COLOGNE,

and it will be very fresh and funny. At least one hundred and twenty illustrations will accompany it. Those famous twin boys, the Jimmy-Johns, are prime actors in Polly's wonderful adventures.

For the older young folks there will be

The Story of Honor Bright,

by Magnus Merriweather, author of "A General Misunderstanding," and "Royal Lowrie's Last Year at St. Olaves." This new story is dedicated to the boys of a certain school, real live boys, who wrote to the author, challenging him to produce a story equal to the two just mentioned. In reponse "Honor Bright" has been written, far superior to either, in both interest and influence. In the name of the hero, Honor Bright, lies a great surprise. Mr. Walter Shirlaw, instructor at the Art Students' League, New York, will illustrate the story fully.

Several striking Two-Part Stories will appear during the year: "King Philip's Head," by the Editor of the *Boston Courier*; "Tot, the Dwarf," by Margaret Eytinge, with eight drawings by George Foster, etc.

A New Feature, including Cash Prizes, for best original stories, drawings, puzzles, inventions, etc., will be introduced during 1881 (full particulars in January number.)

And after long consideration of what would best meet growing demands, the Editors have decided to add a **Special Department for Boys** (which the girls are also invited to enjoy), which will be

Newspaper News,

or what the boys (and girls too) wish to know and ought to know of what the great world is doing, saying and thinking. This department will be under the able charge of Edward Everett Hale, whose name alone is guarantee of its certain remarkable interest and practical value.

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EDITOR'S TABLE.

International Review, December, 1880.

The December number of the *International Review* is one of more than ordinary value, both in a practical and literary sense. The table of contents contains eight articles of great value, beside two exquisite little poems, and a number of excellent book reviews by the editors. The leading article is entitled 'State Support of Denominational Schools in England,' by Rev. R. W. Dale, D. D., of Birmingham, England, and is followed by a thoughtful and interesting article upon 'English Philosophy and English Philosophers,' by D. G. Thompson, Esq., Karl Blind writes of 'Alexander von Humboldt in Politics,' and throws much light upon the political life of the great scientist. The first instalment of 'British Life' in Australia is given by Mr. Walter Chamberlain, M. P. 'The Drink Problem' is discussed by Dr. Felix L. Oswald in a common-sense manner from a scientific standpoint. Temperance workers will receive material aid for their good cause if the facts and suggestions here given are allowed to mould their action. Mr. Edward Atkinson, the well-known political economist of Boston, has taken up the question of Money, and gives a 'Reply to Professor Bonamy Price,' whose article appeared in the September *Review*. 'The University of Texas' is made the same theme of an interesting article by Mr. Oscar H. Cooper. Judge John Lowell writes upon 'A Bankruptcy Statute in the United States,' giving a brief sketch of his proposed new law. The Number as a whole, rather more than sustains the high standard of excellence of the *Review*.

A. S. Barns & Co. Publishers, 111 & 113 William Street, New York.

ECLECTIC MAGAZINE.—The December number of the *Eclectic* is at hand, and is embellished with an excellent steel-engraved portrait of Mr. Thomas Hughes, whose recent visit among us in the interest of his colony has attracted so much attention. The table of contents this month is remarkably varied and interesting, embracing about twenty papers, besides the editorial departments. They are as follows: 'A Century of English Poetry' by Algernon Charles Swinburne; 'Wapiti-running on the Plains,' by the Earl of Dunraven; 'The Roof of the World, a record of travel in Central Asia; 'Lois: A Sketch,' one of the celebrated *Blackwood* stories; 'Lux in Tenebris,' a poem; 'The Unity of Nature,' by the Duke of Argyll; 'Literature as a Profession: A Fragment of Autobiography by a Successful Author;' 'Demoniacal Possession in India,' by E. Knighton; 'The Dilettant,' imitated from the Fables of Gellert by Austin Dobson; the concluding chapters of 'White Wings: A Yachting Romance,' by William Black; 'Foreign Orders;' 'The Archaic Ages: A Geological Sketch,' by Rev. Wm. Downes, M. A.; 'Memory' a most suggestive Essay; 'Inverawe and Ticonderoga,' by Dean Stanley; 'A Large Crater,' by Prof. John Milne, F. G. S.; 'Two Beggars: A Sketch from Life,' by John Dangerfield; 'Poetic Parallels;' 'Separation,' from the German of Ruckert; and a biographical sketch of Thomas Hughes by the Editor. The editorial departments are full of interesting matter, and comprise literary notices, foreign literary notes, science and art, and varieties. Published by E. R. Pelton, 25 Bond Street, New York. Terms $5 per year; single copy 45 cents; Trial subscription for three months $1.

The December WIDE AWAKE will be specially interesting to its readers because it contains fine portraits of two lady artists who have long made pictures for its pages—Miss Jessie Curtis and Miss L. B. Humphrey—the latter at work in her studio. The engraver's work on Miss Curtis' portrait is notably fine. 'Kip's Minister,' the opening story, is both funny and pathetic. A beautifully illustrated paper follows about the 'Boston Day Nurseries,' instituted by Mrs. Quincy Shaw. 'Saarchinkold,' a long, six-page, funny poem, is also very fully and strongly illustrated. Three other poems, 'Annis Vane—A. D. 1558,' 'Miss Lollipop's Housekeeping,' and 'A Pair of Heroes,' are also admirably illustrated. Mr. Benjamin's closing paper in 'Our American Artists' Series, relates to the 'Lady Artists of America,' and is profusely illustrated with portraits and drawings. Another paper, probably of more interest to the boys, is about 'Joe, the Chimpanzee,' the remarkable little creature for some time the centre of interest in the British Zoological Gardens. There are several capital short stories—'Kip's Minister,' 'The Torchlight Brigade,' 'The Night-cap String, 'How Freddy's Tooth was Pulled,' etc. The two serials end the record of 'Five Little Peppers,' and 'Two Young Homesteaders;' to this latter story the boys accord the praise of being the best serial story ever published in the *Wide Awake*. The attractions for 1881 are very great, and everybody is asked to read the prospectus. Only $2 a year. Ella Farman Editor. D. Lothrop & Co., publishers. Boston.

On the 12th inst. Gov. Cullom issued a proclamation calling in all of the bonded State debt outstanding for payment on January 1, 1881. The entire outstanding debt of the state is $281,059 11, of which 23,600 has previously been called in, but the bonds have not been surrendered by holders. This proclamation calls in the ballance of $257,459.11, and interest on these bonds will cease after January 1, whether they are surrendered or not.

George S. Boutwell has been appointed counsel for the United States before the Franco-American claims commission.

How to Have Ice Next Summer.

A great many people do without ice in the summer—though the ponds and streams at their doors furnish an abundant supply every winter—simply because they imagine that an expensive ice-house is needed to hold the ice. A gentlemen who once labored under the same delusion, describes in the *Tribune* the experience by which he was led to store his summer supply of ice successfully, without an ice-house, after paying dearly in disappointment, loss of ice, and loss of money, through having "too much ice house." He was convinced of his error by the circumstance that the more pains he took with the ice-house the more rapidly his ice melted, while neighbors who had no ice-house at all always had plenty of ice. The practice of the latter was simply to pile his ice in a square body under a cowshed having a northern exposure, the first layer of ice being raised above the ground so as to secure good drainage, and the whole covered thickly with sawdust. Boards set on end around the ice pile served to keep the sawdust in place. The gentleman referred to says:

A pile of ice six feet high, eight feet wide, and eight feet long will make three hundred and eighty-four cubic feet. And this is enough for the use of an ordinary family for the table and to cool the cream, etc. Six team loads fill an ice house which contains four hundred cubic feet. The blocks should be cut as smooth as possible and square, so they will fit closely, and then ice must be chopped up fine and crowded in between the pieces so as to make a solid mass. The closer the ice is packed, and the more solid the mass is united together, the better it will keep. When an ice house is too close, there is a great deal of condensation, which makes the whole contents wet and dripping, and causes the ice to melt rapidly. The air must be kept as dry as possible, one secret of keeping ice being plenty of ventilation. The more ice there is in a pile the better it will keep. A small quantity must be covered deeper and thicker than a large mass. A large mass will almost keeps itself. It does not require the protection of sawdust, but straw or a double wall of boards will be ample. Every person who makes butter ought to have ice. It will more than pay for use in the dairy, and then for the family it is a luxury every provident man should supply.—*Scientific American.*

A Bird's Fear of the Dead.

It is not mere sentimentalism that pleads in favor of the most merciful form of death being adopted in the case of the slaughter of animals intended for human consumption. There is no question that much suffering would be spared cattle if they were not allowed to see each other slaughtered. Not easy as it is to conceive the kind of torture they feel and cannot express. How observant are animals is proved by a case which came under my own observation. Among the inmates of my house is a jackdaw, an ill-gained and vituperative bird as ever accepted, under protest, human companionship and human attention. He prefers so distinctly sleeping in a cage where no enemy can assail him while he is off his guard that he is allowed to have his own way in the matter. One day while he was in the cage some dead pheasants, which had just arrived in a hamper, were placed beside him. His dread of these was remarkable to witness. A bird whose whole time was passed in defiance of things stronger than himself, in aggravating a mastiff that would not make two bites of him, or in pinching surreptitiously the flamboyant tail of his arch enemy, the cat, when it came within reach of his cage, went at this sight into an ecstacy of terror which could not be appeased until the uncanny objects were removed. What instinct caused this strange demonstration in the presence of death shown in one of its own race, albeit of so different a species, is not to be guessed. Much food or reflection and speculation is, however, afforded.—*Gentleman's Magazine.*

Words of Wisdom.

People seldom improve much when they have no better model than themselves to copy after.

Poverty often deprives a man of all spirit and virtue. It is hard for an empty bag to stand upright.

A man cannot give a better legacy to the world than a well educated family.

The moment a man begins to rise above his fellows, he becomes a mark for their missiles.

Don't get soured with the world; it does not mend matters for you, but it makes you very disagreeable to others.

Be courteous with all, but intimate with few; and let those few be well tried before you give them your confidence.

If you can say nothing good of any one, say nothing at all; for in friendship as in love we are often happier in our knowledge.

Do you wish success in life? Make perseverance your bosom friend, experience your elder brother, and hope your guardian genius.

It is expected that the Illinois Central Railroad Company will soon purchase from the city of Chicago three blocks of lake front property. They will pay $750,000 for it

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Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table Nov. 8, 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A.M.	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	4 25
Flemington	5 29	4 30
Mill Hall	5 34	4 33
Beech Creek	5 50	4 45
Eagleville	5 55	4 50
Howard	6 09	5 01
Mount Eagle	6 18	5 10
Curtin	6 25	5 15
Milesburg	6 36	5 25
Bellefonte	6 46	5 35
Milesburg	6 56	5 45
Snow Shoe Int	7 00	5 48
Unionville	7 09	5 57
Julian	7 18	6 08
Martha	7 27	6 17
Port Matilda	7 35	6 25
Hannah	7 42	6 33
Fowler	7 48	6 39
Bald Eagle	7 55	6 47
Vail	7 59	6 51
Arrive at Tyrone	8 10	7 02
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 32	8 48
East Tyrone	7 39	8 55
Vail	7 42	8 58
Bald Eagle	7 47	9 02
Hannah	7 55	9 13
Port Matilda	8 00	9 19
Martha	8 07	9 25
Julian	8 15	9 32
Unionville	8 23	9 39
Snow Shoe Int	8 32	9 45
Milesburg	8 34	9 48
Bellefonte	8 43	9 57
Milesburg	8 54	10 06
Curtin	9 06	10 19
Mount Eagle	9 12	10 23
Howard	9 20	10 37
Eagleville	9 38	10 49
Beech Creek	9 40	10 54
Mill Hall	9 54	11 16
Flemington	9 57	11 20
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 01	11 25

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 7, 1880:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 25 a m
" " Williamsport		8 40 a m.
" " Jersey Shore		9 09 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 05 a m
" arr at Erie		7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		9 00 a m
" " Harrisburg		12 15 p m
" arr. at Williamsport		3 15 p m
" " Lock Haven		4 20 p m
" " Renovo		5 40 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 35 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		12 20 a m
" " Harrisburg		4 05 p m
" " Williamsport		7 55 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		9 10 p m
EASTWARD.		
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven		7 05 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 37 a m
" " Williamsport		8 20 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		12 05 p m
" " Philadelphia		3 45 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 25 a m
" " Williamsport		12 25 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 40 p m
" " Philadelphia		6 35 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo		9 00 p m
" " Lock Haven		10 10 p m
" " Williamsport		11 30 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 00 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 05 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12 15 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 15 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 05 a m

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R.R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R.R. trains. Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains

WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 1, 1880.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.10 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.20 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.00 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.15 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.00 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 7.12 p. m.

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—We have a few pieces left of our 6c alpaca at the Bee Hive.

—50 pieces of figured alpaca for 8c per yard at the Bee Hive.

—The shovel brigade were out for exercise Saturday morning.

—Several drunks were visible on the streets Saturday night.

—Only a month left of leap year. Hurry up, girls. Go for him.

—Tobacco—chewing and smoking, pure article, at Sechler & Co's.

Go to the Bee Hive and get a good warm suit of clothing made to order.

—Rabbit hunters are meeting with good luck in the vicinity of Fillmore.

—Ladies', misses' and children's furs at great bargains at the Bee Hive.

—Canned fruits, all varieties, and fresh as the day they were put up, at Sechler's.

—Brick in place of stone is being used in repairing the Presbyterian church tower.

—Tremendous stock of nuts and bonbons for the holidays at Sechler's, pure and fresh.

—Now for Christmas and New Years. What are you going to put in our s—boot this year?

—Quadrilles, it is said, are crowding waltzes from the ball room. "Eight hands, round."

Hoods, leggings, knit jackets, and all kinds of knit goods always found complete at the Bee Hive.

—Buy your family groceries of Sechler & Co., that old and reliable firm in the Bush House block.

—It is said that fully a thousand hogs have died in Huntingdon and Blair counties this fall from cholera.

—Several of the public school children were slightly injured Monday by falling on the icy pavements.

—Merchants who desire to carry their stock of holiday goods over for another year can do it by not advertising.

—A little snow mixed with a large amount of cold weather is about the size of the weather we have been having.

—Everybody who has tried them pronounce Harry Green's cigars the "boss," and so they are. The best in the market.

—Merchants who don't advertise are brushing off their last winter's stock of goods and putting them in the windows for the holiday season.

—The postoffice at Houtzdale has been declared a first-class office, and the postmaster will hereafter be appointed by the President. The salary is $1,400.

—The fumes of smoke from Harry Green's cigars are not disagreeable even to the most sensitive people, because they are made of the finest leaf that grows.

—Eight carloads of limestone were shipped from this place Monday, the largest shipment of that material that has been made from Bellefonte in many months.

—Ex-Prothonotary Aaron Williams announces his intention of going upon a deer hunt this week. Some of his friends say it is the kind that is spelled "dear."

—Mr. J. L. Buffington, of Milesburg, a gentleman of large experience, succeeds Mr. George B. Weaver as bookkeeper in Alexander & Co.'s implement and seed store.

—The ice men began operations Saturday on the planing mill dam. Several tons of ice, clear as glass and solid as mahogany, were taken out from six to eight inches in thickness.

—President Shortlidge, of the State College, left here on Thursday for Springfield, Illinois, to attend a meeting of the Presidents of the different agricultural colleges in the United States.

—The B. & S. R. R. Co. is doing a very extensive coal business this winter. An official of the road informs us that they can hardly produce the coal from the mines fast enough to fill orders.

—The streets were filled up on Saturday with rigs from the country, especially Allegheny, which was lined on both sides, from Bishop to the Diamond and beyond. Business was brisk and merchants were happy.

—Ice men learned a lesson from their experience of last year, and are improving every minute of their present opportunity. Fifteen or twenty two-horse loads of fine-looking ice passed our office Monday,

Doings in Court.

But little business was transacted Tuesday, the second day of court.

The process of examining witnesses was unusually long and tedious, and up to the time of adjournment for the day the following cases only had been disposed of:

Com. vs. James McMullin; assault and battery. Verdict, plaintiffs to pay one-third of costs and defendants to pay two-thirds.

Com. vs. John Taylor; assault and battery. Verdict in favor of plaintiff.

Com. vs. Thomas Moore; assault and battery. Defendant found guilty in manner and form as he stands indicted.

Com. vs. Gotlieb Haag; selling liquor illegally. Suit now pending.

Court adjourned till nine o'clock Wednesday morning.

The attendance on Wednesday was considerably larger than on any day since its opening, many of our citizens being interested in several cases announced to come before the court.

The following criminal cases were acted upon:

Com. vs. Mitchell Lucas; assault and battery. Grand jury ignored the bill and directed that the prosecutor, John Uzzle, should pay the costs. Sentenced accordingly.

Com. vs. John Uzzle; assault and battery. Bill ignored and prosecutor, Mitchell Lucas, sentenced to pay costs.

Case of the commonwealth vs. Gotlieb Haag, selling liquor to minors, was resumed and concluded. Verdict, not guilty, and prosecutor to pay costs.

The verdict in the case occasioned no little surprise among those who were acquainted with the facts. From the evidence given no one ever had a better case than the plaintiff, yet it was lost. The counsel for defense presented the case in a very forcible manner, which seems to have created a feeling in the minds of the jury at the outset in favor of his client. The action of the prosecuting attorney in failing to challenge the jury is strongly censured.

Com. vs. James Moore, Jesse Pleasant, Lincoln Hare; assault and battery. After the case had been on trial for some time a nolle pros. was entered as to James Moore Lincoln Hare and Jesse Pleasant plead guilty, and were sentenced each to pay a fine of five dollars and costs of prosecution.

Com. vs. D. P. Peters; indicted for selling liquor to minors. Defendant plead guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $200 and costs of prosecution.

The civil suit of Mrs. W. W. Brown and Sheriff Sheffer was called up but no verdict was reached.

Court adjourned until 9 o'clock Friday morning.

The attention of the Court Friday was almost exclusively taken up with the case of Mrs. H. B. Brown vs. B. F. Sheffer.

The jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for the sum of seven hundred and thirty-three dollars and forty-one cents. This case was one that attracted some attention, owing to the fact that its trial developed a piece of political history of Centre county of some little importance. The plaintiff is the wife of W. W. Brown, formerly of Centre county, and who figured a good deal in Centre county politics. The defendant is an ex-sheriff of Centre county.

The facts in the case as developed on the trial were as follows: Some time in January, 1873, W. W. Brown and his wife appealed to Hon. C. T. Alexander, P. G. Meek and others to aid them in starting a newspaper. Their appeal was successful. Mrs. W. W. Brown gave her note for $400 which was endorsed by C. T. Alexander, J. G. Larimer, R. A. Magee and P. G. Meek. Armed with this note Meek went to Philadelphia and bought $350 worth of type and material for running a newspaper. Subsequently he ordered $50 worth more, making the amount for which the note was given. Mrs. Brown rented a room in Garman's hotel, and on the 5th of February, 1873, the first number of *Brown's Bellefonte Republican* was issued. Mrs. Brown in order to enable her to become the proprietor of the business applied to the court to be declared a feme sole trader, which she was decreed Feb. 12, 1873.

The persons who had endorsed her note, in order to make themselves secure, took a transfer of all the material of the office from Mrs. Brown and W. W. Brown and then leased it to W. W. Brown. They also took an assignment of all bills for printing done for the county by *Brown's Republican*, and received the pay therefor from the commissioners.

The paper started was used in the interest of the Democrats although purporting to be a Republican paper, and the Democrats secured enough of county printing to more than pay the note given for the purchase of the material in one year.

The work in the office was performed by W. W. Brown, Homer Brown, a son, Mrs. Brown and another small son who was the carrier. C. M. Bower and J. L. Spangler being students of law at the time, took charge of the local department.

In July, 1874, the property was levied upon by Sheriff Sheffer upon an execution of Henry Brockerhoff, as the property of W. W. Brown, and sold for $110. Mrs. Brown claimed the property at the time, and so notified the sheriff.

This suit was brought for the trespass committed by the sheriff in the sale of the property. Under the law as defined by the court and the facts in the case the verdict of the jury was rather unexpected, but it will be a God-send to Mrs. Brown and her family.

An Important Sunday School Day.

Only one day of the kind for Bellefonte since 1870. In some respects different and it is hoped also better than any Sunday School day yet enjoyed in Centre County. For the first time Rev. John H. Vincent D. D., of New York, Chairman of the International Sunday School Committee will be present to give us his best services throughout that day. Not only Sunday School workers, but all of us alike need the benefit that will be offered on *Friday, Dec. 17th*, by the County S. S. Association One third of the population of Centre County is outside of the Bible School on the Lord's day.

More than one half of the precious souls living among us are yet unsaved, "having no hope and without God in the world." It is certain that these thousands will remain away from the Savior as long as they live uninterested in "the truth as it is in Jesus." By united Christian effort, we must seek to interest them in "in the word of Life." Laborers together with God," is it saying too much that we ought at last to devote *one day* in united and prayerful consultation over these momentous interests. Let us then come together thus that we may go forth and work together more intelligently, more devotedly and more effectively in offorts to bring to the Savior these thousands unsaved in Centre county.

Nov. 26, 1880. C.

Singular Accident.

Mr. Isaac Shuey, of Spring Creek, met with rather a singular accident while out hunting on Thursday last. He was accompanied by his dog, and in the course of his ramblings came across some boys, who were also on a hunt, with whom he stopped to converse, resting his hands on the muzzle of his gun.

While thus engaged the dog, seemingly anxious to understand the nature of the conversation, jumped up on the gun and looked into his master's face for several seconds, until satisfied that everything was all right. But in getting down again upon all fours one paw struck the trigger and the hammer went down. The gun was discharged, the ball passing through his left hand and severely mutilating the fingers.

—The "Percolator" is the name of a new and useful kitchen utensil recently patented, and for sale at H. K. Hick's hardware store. The invention consists of a small cylinder, partitioned in the centre, with fine screens at each end, in which tea or coffee is placed and then suspended inside the pot for boiling. It is claimed that by using this coffee can be ground finer, which will give out all the strength and flavor and be free from settlings. Call in and examine, ye tea and coffee guzzlers.

—Associate Furey, of the *Watchman*, went all the way to Pleasant Gap and back the other day, and tells of the changes that have taken place in that ancient village during the past decade or two in a racy article in the last issue of his paper. He visited the scenes of his childhood, looked at the spot from whence he first saw daylight and passed by the house wherein his "first love" used to dwell. O, my! it must have been a terrible ordeal to pass through.

—A very handsome stained glass window has been placed in the Episcopal church, on the Lamb street side, in memory of the late Mrs. Adelaide Miles Harris, who was a prominent and devoted member of that church for many years. The window bears the name of the lady in full and the date of her death—May 3d, A. D. 1870.

A Successful Hunter.

We are informed that last week William Zimmerman, of Hecla furnace, and two or three of his brothers, with one or two other hunters, were out in the Alleghenies hunting for deer. William, who is a young man of about twenty-three years of age, while traveling through the woods came suddenly upon two deer. They were startled by his appearance and immediately dashed away, but before they could get out of reach of his trusty rifle were both shot down in quick succession. Hardly was this accomplished when a third deer hove in sight, which quickly met the fate of the other two. This somewhat remarkable shooting all occurred in about thirty minutes. He shot four times and brought down three deer. This is the most successful hunting done by Centre county nimrods this year, and we doubt if any county in the State can make such a favorable showing. It is needless to add that Mr. Zimmerman is a good Republican, which possibly accounts sor his good luck.

Stakeholders in a Quandary.

A sensation has been caused in Scranton among the politicians by the serving of notice upon several prominent citizens, stakeholders in recent election bets, restraining them from paying any money deposited in their hands by betters. The action has been begun by the Scranton poor board under a State law passed in 1847 and found in Purdon's Digest in the clauses treating of bets on election, where it provides that the stake holder can be proceeded against by poor boards for the full amount put in their hands. John Philips, formerly a prominent merchant of the city, paid over a large sum that he held, and it is believed that the money can be recovered by the board. County Commissioner Tierney is one of the number upon whom the notices have been served, and further proceedings in the matter will be watched with great interest by the people of that city.

—A dressmaker in Minneapolis, whose lover recently parted from her most tenderly, pined for him until her reason was unsettled. He had set out for a business trip and was expecting to return in a short time; but she could not wait. She started for a walk along the railroad track, and became possessed with the idea that she was communing with his spirit. The ghost told her who he was and related the circumstances of his death. The ghost conversed with her freely and told her not to be frightened. She went home, took a good deal of strychnine and died.

The above is a sad case—very sad. There is no knowing how much happiness would have been in store for them had they married and settled down in Bellefonte. They would then have had the opportunity of buying their groceries from the model store of Sechler & Co., as thousands are now doing. A stock of good, pure groceries in the pantry is enough to make any one happy, and at Sechler & Co's. is the place to get them.

—Our enterprising citizen, Mr. Theodore Deschner, has been having considerable trouble in sinking a well at his pleasant residence above the planing mill. Men have been employed at the work for several weeks, digging and blasting, but met with poor success and finally gave it up. Mr. D., however, is determined to have water at any cost, and has engaged the services of Mr. John Grubb, the artesian well man, to carry on the operation. Mr. Grubb has sunk a good many wells in this section, and has seldom if ever failed in reaching a never-failing supply of "Adam's ale."

—Mr. Alexander Chaney, of the firm of Thompson & Chaney, lumber dealers of Port Matilda, was in town Saturday and looked in upon us a few moments. A few weeks ago Mr. Chaney had the misfortune to have one of his feet crushed by a lumber car passing over it, from the effects of which he still suffers some inconvenience in moving about.

—We happened into Hick's hardware store on Saturday afternoon, on the hunt for "bloody intelligence," and found the genial proprietor occupying a bran new business desk of handsome and tasteful construction, similar to those used in counting rooms. Harry believes in keeping up appearances and having things neat and convenient.

—Those of our citizens who are thinking of sending to the city for winter goods should make a tour of our own stores and shops before taking such a step. If our merchants cannot suit them, both in prices and goods, they cannot be suited anywhere.

Flannels, blankets, cloths, quilts of every description for the lowest market prices at the Bee Hive.

Philipsburg and Vicinity.

The frequent wrecks which have occurred on the Tyrone and Clearfield division during the past two or three weeks, may be attributed in a measure to the unusually heavy loading of coal cars, and the extra work they have been doing in the freight and coal trade. The "Big Fill" at best is a dangerous place, and men cannot be too cautious.

Among the many acquaintances formed during our stay in this town we take great pleasure in mentioning Mr. Bender, editor and proprietor of the Journal of this place, and Mr. W. T. Bair, foreman and associate editor. Both are very affable and congenial, and we cannot speak in too high terms, and our appreciation of them, for the great interest they take in the promotion of the cause of moral education. W. T. Bair is formerly of Mt. Union-Huntingdon county, where he was in charge of one of the papers of that place. He is certainly an example to the boys of to-day, being so young in appearance and yet so manly in his deportment. It is an undisputable fact that these are the boys and this the training needed to-day, for only last week were we called to witness one of the most debasing and contempting tricks perpetrated.

A Mr. Beams, while on a visit to his brother-in-law near Kylertown, Clearfield county, had a new double set of harness cut to pieces, or we may say to nothing, as there was nothing at all remaining but the pieces. Mr. Beams is from Jefferson county and is said not to have been on very good terms with his brother-in-law, and also with his own brother who had left him while in Jefferson county, and accordingly to vent their wrath or spite committed the deed. Mr. Beams had both arrested, as also another who was supposed to have been implicated. They were taken to Clearfield and lodged in jail, but afterward bailed out. One, we are informed, escaped before reaching Clearfield, returned, stole a horse, rode down about two miles to the some place and again cut the halters, bridles, broke the buggy, and did all the fiendish work he could. We are glad to learn that he is again under arrest.

We had the pleasure of visiting the camp of D. Edmiston & Son, contractors for the Moshannon branch railroad. They have one hundred and seventy-five men at work now. About eighty-five from Philadelphia arrived at four o'clock Friday afternoon, and were met at Osceola and escorted to the camp by G. F. Edmistod. IDEM.

—Mr. H. T. Farnsworth, inventor of the Farnsworth governor, dropped in to see us Monday and have a social talk. He informs us that he is at present working on another invention—the nature of which he does not disclose—which he expects to perfect in a short time. Mr. Farnsworth possesses an extended and useful knowledge of mechanical matters, which has served him well in the past, and we doubt not he will be successful in what he is now striving to accomplish. His abilities, however, are not alone confined to inventing. His legitimate vocation is that of millwrighting, in which branch of industry he has few if any superiors in this part of the country, as the very general desire among mill men to secure his services would seem to indicate. A prominent lumber dealer of this place recently said: "Why he'll (Farnsworth) get more out of a stick of timber than any man I ever knew," and every lumberman and business man in this section who is acquainted with the gentleman entertains a like opinion in regard to his qualities as a millwright.

—The *Rural New-Yorker* is undoubtedly serving the agricultural interests of the country nobly. During the past three years it has distributed without any charge to its subscribers, Blount's White Prohfic Corn, the Beauty of Hebron Potato, the Cuthbert Raspberry, Defiance and Chaplain Wheats, Mold's Ennobled Oats, and many other farm and ornamental plants. Its present free plant and seed distribution is more valuable than any of its predecessors, and our readers should send for their special number, which will explain the whole matter. It will be sent without charge. Address RURAL NEW-YORKER, 34 Park Row, New York

—Some of the young ladies about town would like to have a roller skating rink established here for the winter. Bellefonte had such a rink last winter, but as it was not sufficiently patronized then to pay expenses it probably would not be now.

We have a full assortment of ladies' cloths for suits, and heavy cloths for ulsters, and beavers for coats at the Bee Hive.

Before the Justice.

On Thanksgiving night a squad of young men, who had been "celebrating" pretty extensively, entered the Bush House at a late hour and attempted to create a holiday disturbance by threatening to carry the proprietor out on a stick. The project of mopping up the floor with the bartender and taking possession of the "shanty" was also considered, but fortunately for the young men was not carried out. D. P. Peters, the landlord, who says he has been imposed upon long enough, made information against them, charging them with assault and disturbing the peace and warrants were issued for their arrest. Monday afternoon they were given a hearing before Justice Smith. One was discharged for want of sufficient evidence implicating him in the matter, and the rest were bound over for appearance at court.

The case of Brown, McAllister and Johnson, charged with assault, preferred against them by D. P. Peters, was also before Justice Smith Monday. The two first named, for reasons best known to them, made themselves scarce, and consequently were not present for the hearing. The latter appeared, but waived an examination.

While these men have no right to enter a public hotel and commit such acts of violence, and are liable to prosecution for so doing, there doesn't seem to be much doubt but that Peters is answerable, to a more or less extent, for these occurrences. There is a right way to deal with men of this class and a wrong way. There seems to be abundant room for reform in the Bush House groggery, and when that is accomplished we venture to say there will be fewer disturbances in that quarter, and not before.

—The icy streets and sidewalks Monday morning caused street pedestrians no little inconvenience in maintaining a perpendicular. In passing down the street we witnessed some highly ludicrous performances among those who attempted to navigate on the sidewalks. We will not attempt to describe the gyrations of the unfortunate ones because we came mighty near making a gymnastic show out of ourself. Loose-jointed people managed to get along by wrapping themselves around fences and tree boxes, but when the fat man stepped out on to his doorstep, lo, and behold! it wasn't there. There was nothing there, in fact, that anything smaller than his back would walk on.

—Nevling, the man who shot and killed Pennington in Houtzdale is reported to have said that "if he has to hang he is just the fellow that can stand it." There doesn't seem to be much doubt but that he will have a chance to try it.

—Why will you doubt? what every one says must be true. DAYS KIDNEY PAD, is controlling and curing a class of diseases that have heretofore been considered incurable.

MARRIED.

THOMAS—PRATT—At the M. E parsonage, Milesburg, Oct. 21, 1880, by Rev. J. A. Woodcock, Samuel J. Thomas and Miss Kate J. Pratt, both of Bellefonte.

WILLIAMS—SHUEY—At the same place, by the same, Nov. 11, 1880, Mr. John H. Williams, of Bellefonte, and Miss Nannie R. Shuey, of Lemont.

RESIDE—HALL—At Milesburg, Nov. 4, 1880, by Rev. W. O. Wright, Mr. Calvin M. Reside and Miss Samantha A. Hall, all of Unionville.

REASNER—TEMPLE—At Milesburg, Nov. 18, 1880, by Rev. W. O. Wright, Mr. William J. Reasner, of Bellefonte, and Miss Sarah Temple, of Milesburg.

MARSHALL—THOMAS—At Milesburg, Nov. 25, 1880, by Rev. W. O. Wright, Mr. J. Lewis Marshall and Miss Rosa Belle Thomas, both of Buffalo Run.

MURPHY—STRAW—At Unionville, Nov. 18, 1880, by Wm. H. Smith, Esq., Mr. Michael Murphy and Miss Mary Straw, both of Centre county.

McCOOL—ROSSMAN—Aug. 20, 1880, in Bellefonte, by John I. Rankin, J. P., George McCool to Ella Rossman, both of Union twp.

BARTHOLOMEW—SNYDER—Oct. 7, 1880, in Bellefonte, by John I. Rankin, J. P., George G. Bartholomew and Clara M. Snyder, both of Mill Hall, Clinton county.

PARKER—TREASTER—Oct. 25, 1880, in Bellefonte, by John I. Rankin, J. P., David P. Parker, of Mapleton, Huntingdon county, and Annie C. Treaster, of Tusseyville, Centre county.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Nov. 30, 1880.

Wheat, old, per bushel	$1 05
" new, No. 1	1 05
" " " 2	95
" " " 3	80
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob, new	40
Corn, shelled, old	50
Oats new	30
Cloverseed	5 50@4 25
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 00
Flour, wholesale	5 25

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$16 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	14 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 7 50
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	4
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	
Hams, sugar cured	16
Bacon	7
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes per bushel	50
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	16
Lemons per doz	
Dried sweet corn per pound	8
Small Onions per quart	